

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

**HUMAN SEMAPHORIN L (H-SEMA L) AND CORRESPONDING
SEMAPHORINS IN OTHER SPECIES**

RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority to German Application Nos. 19729211.9 and 19805371.1, filed July 9, 1997 and February 11, 1998 respectively, each incorporated herein by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The invention relates to novel semaphorins which are distinguished by a particular domain structure and derivatives thereof, nucleic acids (DNA, RNA, cDNA) which code for these semaphorins, and derivatives thereof, and the preparation and use thereof.

Description of the Related Art

The publications which are referenced in this application describe the state of the art to which this invention pertains. These references are incorporated herein by references.

Semaphorins were described for the first time by Kolodkin {Kolodkin et al. (1993) Cell 75:1389-1399} as members of a conserved gene family.

The genes or parts of the genes of other semaphorins have now been cloned and, in some cases, characterized. To date, a total of 5 human (H-Sema III, H-Sema V, H-Sema IV, H-SemaB and H-SemaE) {Kolodkin et al. (1993); Roche et al. (1996) Onkogene 12:1289-1297; Sekido et al. (1996) Proc. Natl.

Acad. Sci. USA 93:4120-4125; Xiang et al. (1996) Genomics 32:39-48; Hall et al. (1996) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 93:11780-11785; Yamada et al. (1997) (GenBank Accession No. AB000220), 8 murine (mouse genes; M-Sema A to M-Sema-H) {Püschel et al. (1995) Neuron 14:941-948; Messerschmidt et al. (1995) Neuron 14:949-959; Inigaki et al. (1995) FEBS Letters 370:269-272; Adams et al. (1996) Mech. Dev. 57:33-45; Christensen et al. (1996) (GenBank Accession No. Z80941, Z93948)}, 5 galline (chicken) (collapsin-1 to -5) {Luo et al. (1993); Luo et al. (1995) Neuron 14:1131-1140}, and genes from rats (R-Sema-III) {Giger et al. (1996) J. Comp. Neurol. 375:378-392}, zebra fish, insects (fruit fly (*Drosophila melanogaster*: D-Sema I and D-Sema II), beetles (*Tribolium confusum*: T-Sema-I), grasshoppers (*Schistocerca americana*: G-Sema-I)) {Kolodkin et al. (1993)}, and nematodes (*C.elegans*: Ce-Sema) {Roy et al. (1994) (GenBank Accession No. U15667)} have been disclosed. In addition, two poxviruses (vaccinia (ORF-A39) and variola (ORFA39-homologous)) {Kolodkin et al. (1993)} and alcelaphine herpesvirus Type 1 (AHV-1) (AHV-Sema) {Ensser and Fleckenstein (1995) Gen. Virol. 76:1063-1067} have genes homologous to semaphorins.

Table 1 summarizes the semaphorins identified to date in various species. Table 1 indicates the names of the semaphorins (column 1), the synonyms used (column 2), the species from which the particular semaphorin has been isolated (column 3) and, where known, data on the domain structure of the encoded protein and on the chromosomal location (column 4 in Table 1), the accession number under which the sequence of the gene is stored in gene databanks (for example in an EST (expressed sequence tags) databank, EMBL (European Molecular Biology Laboratory, Heidelberg) or NCBI (National Center for Biotechnology Information, Maryland, USA), and the corresponding reference under which these data have been published (column 5 in Table 1).

All the gene products (encoded semaphorins) of the semaphorin genes disclosed to date have an N-terminal signal peptide which has at its C-terminal end a characteristic Sema domain with a length of about 450 to 500 amino acids. Highly conserved amino acid motifs and a number of highly

conserved cysteine residues are located within the Sema domains. The gene products (semaphorins) differ in the C-terminal sequences which follow the Sema domains and are composed of one or more domains. They have, for example, in these C-terminal amino acid sequences transmembrane domains (TM), immunoglobulin-like domains (Ig) (constant part of the immunoglobulin), cytoplasmic sequences (CP), processing signals (P) (for example having the consensus sequence (RXR) where R is the amino acid arginine and X is any amino acid) and/or hydrophilic C termini (HPC). The semaphorins disclosed to date can be divided on the basis of the differences in the domain structure in the C terminus into 5 different subgroups (I to V):

- I Secreted, without other domains (for example ORF-A49)
- II Ig Secreted (without transmembrane domain) for example AHV-Sema)
- III Ig, TM, CP Membrane-anchored with cytoplasmic sequence (for example CD100)
- IV Ig, (P), HPC Secreted with hydrophilic C terminus (for example H-Sema III, M-SemaD, collapsin-1)
- V Ig, TM, CP Membrane-anchored with C-terminal 7 thrombospondin motif (for example M-SemaF and G)

A receptor or extracellular ligand for semaphorins has not been described to date. Intracellular, heterotrimeric GTP-binding protein complexes have been described in connection with semaphorin-mediated effects. One component of these protein complexes which has been identified in chickens is called CRMP (collapsin response mediator protein) and is presumed to be a component of the semaphorin-induced intracellular signal cascade (Goshima et al. (1995) Nature 376: 509-514). CRMP62, for example, has homology with unc-33, a nematode protein which is essential for directed growth of axons. A human protein with 98% amino acid identity with CRMP62 is likewise known (Hamajima et al. (1996) Gene 180: 157-163). Several CRMP-related genes have likewise been described in rats (Wang et al. (1996) Neurosci. 16: 6197-6207).

The secreted or transmembrane semaphorins convey repulsive signals for growing nerve buds. They play a part in the development of the central nervous system (CNS) and are expressed in particular in muscle and nerve tissues (Kolodkin et al. (1993); Luo et al. (1993) *Cell* 75:217-227).

Pronounced expression of M-SemaG has been observed not only in the CNS but also in cells of the lymphatic and hematopoietic systems, in contrast to the closely related M-SemaF {Furuyima et al. (1996) *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 33376-33381}.

Recently, two other human semaphorins have been identified, H-Sema IV and H-Sema V, specifically in a region on chromosome 3p21.3, whose deletion is associated with various types of bronchial carcinomas. H-Sema IV {Roche et al. (1996), Xiang et al. (1996), Sekido et al. (1996)} is about 50% identical at the amino acid level with M-SemaE, whereas H-Sema V {Sekido et al. (1996)} is the direct homolog of M-SemaA (86% amino acid identity). Since these genes (H-Sema IV and V) were found during DNA sequencing projects on the deleted 3p21.3 loci, the complex intron-exon structure of these two genes is known. Both genes are expressed in various neuronal and non-neuronal tissues.

Likewise only recently, the cellular surface molecule CD100 (human), expressed and induced on activated T cells, has been identified as a semaphorin (likewise listed in Table 1). It assists interaction with B cells via the CD40 receptor and the corresponding ligand CD40L. CD100 is a membrane-anchored glycoprotein dimer of 150 kd (kilodaltons). An association of the intracytoplasmic C-terminus of CD100 with an as yet unknown kinase has been described {Hall et al. (1996)}. This means that CD100 is the first and to date only semaphorin whose expression in cells of the immune system has been demonstrated.

In the "transforming genes of rhabdoviruses" project, the complete genome of alcelaphine herpesvirus Type 1 (AHV-1) has been cloned and sequenced {Ensser et al. (1995)}. AHV-1 is the causative agent of malignant catarrhal fever, a disease of various ruminants which is associated with a lymphoproliferative syndrome and is usually fatal. On analysis, an open reading frame was found, at one end of the viral genome, having remote but significant homology with a gene of vaccinia- virus (ORF-A39 corresponds to VAC-A39 in Ensser et al. (1995) J. Gen. Virol. 76:1063-1067) which has been assigned to the semaphorin gene family. Whereas the AHV-1 semaphorin (AHV-Sema) has a well-conserved semaphorin structure, the poxvirus genes (ORF-A39 and ORF-A39-homologous, see Table 1) have C-terminal truncations, i.e. the conserved Sema domain is present in them only incompletely.

Databank comparison of the found AHV-Sema with dbEST (EST (expressed sequence tags) databank (db)) provided in each case 2 EST sequences from 2 independent cDNA clones from human placenta (accession numbers H02902, H03806 (clone 151129), accession numbers R33439 and R33537 (clone 135941)). These display distinctly greater homology with AHV-1 semaphorin than with the neuronal semaphorins hitherto described.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to semaphorins which have a novel, as yet undisclosed and unexpected domain structure and which possess a biochemical function in the immune system (immunomodulating semaphorins). The novel semaphorins are referred to as type L semaphorins (SemaL). They comprise an N-terminal signal peptide, a characteristic Sema domain and, in the C-terminal region of the protein, an immunoglobulin-like domain and a hydrophobic domain which represents a potential transmembrane domain.

The amino acid sequence of the signal peptide may have fewer than 70, preferably fewer than 60 amino acids and more than 20, preferably more than 30 amino acids, and a particularly preferred length is of about 40 to 50 amino acids. In a specific embodiment of the invention, the signal peptide has a length of 44 amino acids, i.e. a cleavage site for a signal peptidase is located between amino acids 44 and 45.

The Sema domain may have a length of from 300 to 700 or more, preferably of about 400 to 600, amino acids. Preferred Sema domains have a length of 450 to 550 amino acids, preferably of about 500 amino acids. In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the Sema domain is joined to the signal peptide, in which case the Sema domain preferably extends up to amino acid 545.

The immunoglobulin-like domain may have a length of about 30 to 110 or more amino acids, and preferred lengths are between 50 and 90, particularly preferably about 70, amino acids.

The transmembrane domain may have a length of about 10 to 35, preferably of about 15 to 30, particularly preferably of about 20 to 25, amino acids.

The invention relates to type L semaphorins from various species, in particular from vertebrates, for example from birds and/or fishes, preferably from mammals, for example from primates, rat, rabbit, dog, cat, sheep, goat, cow, horse, pig, particularly preferably from human and mouse. The invention also relates to corresponding semaphorins from microorganisms, especially from pathogenic microorganisms, for example from bacteria, yeasts and/or viruses, for example from retroviruses, especially from human-pathogenic microorganisms.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The invention will be described in greater detail with the aid of the following figures:

Fig. 1 is a Multiple tissue Northern blot for the tissue-specific expression of H-SemaL.

Fig. 2 is a diagrammatic representation of the cloning of the H-Semal cDNA and of the genomic organization of the H-Semal encoding sequence.

Fig. 3 is a phylogenetic tree.

Fig. 4 is a FACS analysis of H-SEMAL expression in various cell lines.

Fig. 5 is a comparative analysis of CD 100 and H-SemaL expression.

Fig. 6 is the expression of secretable human SEMA-L (H-SemaL) in HiFive and SC3 cells.

Fig. 7 depicts the specificity of the antiserum.

Fig. 8 is a plasmid map of pMelBacA-H-SEMA1.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

One embodiment of the invention is a corresponding human semaphorin (H-SemaL) which has a signal peptide, a Sema domain, an immunoglobulin-like domain and a transmembrane domain. A specific embodiment is the semaphorin which is given by the amino acid sequence shown in Table 4.

Another embodiment of the invention comprises corresponding semaphorins in other species which have, in the region of the Sema domain, an amino acid identity greater than 40%, preferably greater than 50%, particularly preferably greater than 60%, in relation to the Sema domain of H-Sema1 (amino acids 45 to 545 of the sequence in Table 4). The corresponding semaphorins from closely related species (for example primates, mouse) may perfectly well have

amino acid identities of greater than 70%, preferably greater than 80%, particularly preferably greater than 90%. Percentage homologies can be determined or calculated for example using the GAP program (GCG program package, Genetic Computer Group (1991)).

Such an embodiment of the invention is a corresponding mouse semaphorin (murine semaphorin (M-SemaL)). This contains, for example, the partial amino acid sequence shown in Table 5 (murine semaphorin (M-SemaL)).

The invention also relates to corresponding semaphorins which have an amino acid identity (considered over the entire length of the amino acid sequence of the protein) of only about 15 to 20% in the case of less related species (very remote from one another phylogenetically), preferably 25 to 30%, particularly preferably 35 to 40%, or a higher identity in relation to the complete amino acid sequence of H-SemaL shown in Table 4.

The genes which code for type L semaphorins have a complex exon-intron structure. These genes may have, for example, between 10 and 20 exons, preferably about 11 to 18, particularly preferably 12 to 16, exons and a corresponding number of introns. However, they may also have the same number of exons and introns as does the gene of H-SemaL (13 or 15 exons, preferably 14 exons). A particular embodiment of the invention relates to the gene of H-SemaL. This gene preferably has a length of 8888 to 10,000 or more nucleotides. The human semaphorin gene preferably contains the nucleotide sequence given in Table 14 or the nucleotide sequence which has been deposited at the GenBank® databank under accession number AF030697. These nucleotide sequences contain at least 13 introns. In addition, the human semaphorin gene has at the 5' end an additional sequence region. This region contains, where appropriate, further coding and uncoding sequences, for example one or two further introns or exons.

Attempts to locate the human type L semaphorin on the chromosome revealed that the corresponding gene is located at position 15q22.3-23. The gene for M-SemaL has correspondingly been located at position 9A3.3-B.

As a consequence of the complex intron-exon structure, the splicing of the primary transcript of the semaphorin mRNA may vary, resulting in different splicing variants of the semaphorins. The proteins translated from these splicing variants are derivatives of the semaphorins according to the invention. They correspond in their amino acid sequence and also substantially in their domain structure to the described type L semaphorins according to the invention, but are truncated by comparison with the latter where appropriate. For example, splicing variants wholly or partly lacking the transmembrane domain may be formed. A semaphorin derivative which contains an incomplete, or no, transmembrane domain, but contains a signal peptide, may be secreted and in this way have effects outside the cell, locally or else over relatively large distances, for example on other cells. Another splicing variant may, for example, no longer contain a sequence which codes for a signal peptide and, where appropriate, also no sequence which codes for a hydrophobic amino acid sequence representing a potential transmembrane domain. One consequence would be that this semaphorin derivative is neither incorporated into the membrane nor secreted (unless through secretory vesicles). Such a semaphorin derivative may be involved in intracellular processes, for example in signal transduction processes. It is possible in this way for a wide variety of intra- and extracellular processes to be controlled and/or harmonized with the same basic molecule (type L semaphorins) and the derivatives derived therefrom (for example splicing variants).

A particular embodiment of the invention relates to semaphorin derivatives which are derived from the type L semaphorins according to the invention but which contain an incomplete, or no, transmembrane domain.

Another embodiment of the invention relates to semaphorin derivatives which are derived from the type L semaphorins according to the invention but which contain no signal peptide.

The signal peptide may also undergo post-translational elimination. This forms a membrane-bound (with TM domain) or a secreted (splicing variant without TM domain) semaphorin derivative with truncated domain structure. A semaphorin derivative which has undergone post-translational processing in this way now contains only Sema domain, Ig domain and, where appropriate, transmembrane domain. A signal peptide cleavage site can be located, for example, right at the end of the signal peptide, but it may, for example, be located 40 to 50 amino acids or more away from the amino terminus.

A "truncated" (i.e. containing fewer domains) semaphorin L derivative can be distinguished from other semaphorins which are not derived from type L semaphorins in that there is a very great (> 90%) amino acid identity or an identical amino acid sequence with the type L semaphorins in the domains which are present.

The semaphorins according to the invention may also have undergone post-translational modification in other ways. For example, they may be glycosylated (N- and/or O-glycosylated) once, twice, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten or more times. The amino acid sequences of the semaphorins may then have an equal number of or more consensus sequences for potential glycosylation sites, preferably five such sites. One embodiment of the invention relates to semaphorins in which the glycosylation sites are located at positions which correspond to positions 105, 157, 258, 330 and 602 of the H-SemaL amino acid sequence (Table 4).

In addition, the semaphorins may be in the form of their phosphorylated derivatives. Semaphorins may be the substrates of various kinases, for example the amino acid sequences may have consensus sequences for protein kinase C, tyrosine kinase and/or creatine kinases. In addition, the

amino acid sequences of the semaphorins may have consensus sequences for potential myristylation sites. Corresponding semaphorin derivatives may be esterified with myristic acid at these sites.

The type L semaphorins according to the invention and their derivatives may be in the form of monomers, dimers and/or multimers, for example two or more semaphorins or their derivatives can be linked together by intermolecular disulfide bridges. It is also possible for intramolecular disulfide bridges to be formed.

Further derivatives of the semaphorins according to the invention are fusion proteins. A fusion protein of this type contains, on the one hand, a type L semaphorin or parts thereof and, in addition, another peptide or protein or a part thereof. Peptides or proteins or parts thereof may be, for example, epitope tags (for example His tag (6xhistidine), Myc tag, flu tag) which can be used, for example, for purifying the fusion proteins, or those which can be used for labeling the fusion proteins, for example GFP (green fluorescent protein). Examples of derivatives of the type L semaphorins are given for example by the constructs described in the examples. The sequences of these constructs can be found in Tables 7 to 15, where appropriate taking account of the annotations relating to the plasmids.

The invention further relates to nucleic acid sequences, preferably DNA and RNA sequences, which code for the type L semaphorins according to the invention and/or their derivatives, for example the corresponding genes, the various splicing variants of the mRNA, the cDNAs corresponding thereto, and derivatives thereof, for example salts of the DNA or RNA. Derivatives for the purpose of the inventions are sequences or parts thereof which have been modified, for example, by methods of molecular biology and adapted to the particular requirements, for example truncated genes or parts of genes (for example promoter sequences, terminator sequences), cDNAs or chimeras thereof, constructs for expression and cloning and salts thereof.

One embodiment relates to the genomic sequences (genes) of the type L semaphorins. The invention relates to the intron and exon sequences and gene-regulatory sequences, for example promoter, enhancer and silencer sequences.

This embodiment relates on the one hand to the gene of H-SemaL or its derivatives. The invention relates on the one hand to a gene which comprises the nucleotide sequence given in Table 14. The invention further relates to the gene which comprises the nucleotide sequence which is deposited in the GenBank® databank under accession number AF030697.

This embodiment further relates to the gene of M-SemaL and its derivatives.

The invention further relates to the cDNA of H-SemaL or its derivatives (for example parts of the cDNA). A particular embodiment is the cDNA of H-SemaL according to the nucleotide sequence in Table 2. The invention further relates to the cDNA of H-SemaL which is deposited in the GenBank® databank under accession number AF030698. The invention also relates to the mRNAs corresponding to these cDNAs, or parts thereof.

The invention further relates to the cDNA of M-SemaL or its derivatives (for example parts of the cDNA). A particular embodiment is the partial cDNA sequence of M-SemaL shown in Table 3, and cDNA sequences which comprise this partial cDNA sequence. Another embodiment of the invention relates to the cDNA of M-SemaL which is deposited in the GenBank databank under accession number AF030699. The invention also relates to the mRNAs corresponding to these cDNAs, or parts thereof.

The invention also comprises alleles and/or individual expression forms of the genes/mRNAs/cDNAs which differ only slightly from the semaphorin sequences described herein and code for an identical or only slightly modified protein (difference in the amino acid sequence less than or equal to 10%) (further example of derivatives). Further examples of the derivatives are given

by the constructs indicated in the examples. The sequences of these constructs are depicted in Tables 7 to 14 and can be interpreted taking account of the annotation for plasmids.

The invention further relates to plasmids which comprise DNA which codes for the type L semaphorins or derivatives thereof. Plasmids of this type may be, for example, plasmids with high replication rates suitable for amplification of the DNA, for example in *E. coli*.

A specific embodiment comprises expression plasmids with which the semaphorins or parts thereof or their derivatives can be expressed in prokaryotic and/or eukaryotic expression systems. Both constitutive expression plasmids and those containing inducible promoters are suitable.

The invention also relates to processes for preparing nucleic acids which code for type L semaphorins or derivatives thereof.

These nucleic acids, for example DNA or RNA, can be synthesized, for example, by chemical means. In particular, it is possible for these nucleic acids, for example the corresponding genes or cDNAs or parts thereof, to be amplified by PCR using specific primers and suitable starting material as template. (For example cDNA from a suitable tissue or genomic DNA).

A specific process for preparing semaphorin L cDNA and the H-SemaL gene is described in the examples.

The invention also relates to processes for preparing type L semaphorins. For example, a semaphorin L or a derivative thereof can be prepared by cloning a corresponding nucleic acid sequence which codes for a type L semaphorin or a derivative thereof into an expression vector and using the latter recombinant vector to transform a suitable cell. It is possible to use, for example, prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells. The type L semaphorins or derivatives thereof may also, where appropriate, be prepared by chemical means.

In addition, the type L semaphorins and derivatives thereof can be expressed as fusion proteins, for example with proteins or peptides which permit detection of the expressed fusion protein, for example as fusion protein with GFP (green fluorescent protein). The semaphorins may also be expressed as fusion proteins with one, two, three or more epitope tags, for example with Myc and/or His (6xhistidine) and/or flu tags. It is correspondingly possible to use or prepare plasmids which comprise DNA sequences which code for these fusion proteins. For example, semaphorin-encoding sequences can be cloned into plasmids which contain DNA sequences which code for GFP and/or epitope tags, for example Myc tag, His tag, flu tag. Specific examples thereof are given by the examples and the sequences listed in the tables, where appropriate with the assistance of the annotation relating to the plasmids.

The invention further relates to antibodies which specifically bind or recognize the type L semaphorins, derivatives thereof or parts thereof. Possible examples thereof are polyclonal or monoclonal antibodies which can be produced, for example, in mouse, rabbit, goat, sheep, chicken etc.

A particular embodiment of this subject-matter of the invention comprises antibodies directed against the epitopes which correspond to the amino acid sequences from position 179 to 378 or 480 to 666 of the H-SemaL sequence shown in Table 4. The invention also relates to a process for preparing specific anti-semaphorin L antibodies, using for the preparation antigens comprising said epitopes.

The invention also relates to processes for preparing the antibodies, preferably using for this purpose a fusion protein consisting of a characteristic semaphorin epitope and an epitope tag which can be used for the subsequent purification of the recombinant fusion protein. The purified fusion protein can subsequently be used for the immunization. To prepare the recombinant fusion protein, a corresponding recombinant expression vector is prepared

and used to transform a suitable cell. The recombinant fusion protein can be isolated from this cell. The procedure can be, for example, like that described in Example 8.

These antibodies can be used, for example, for purifying the corresponding semaphorins, for example H-SemaL and its derivatives, for example on affinity columns, or for the immunological detection of the proteins, for example in an ELISA, in a Western blot and/or in immunohistochemistry. The antibodies can also be used to analyze the expression of H-SemaL, for example in various cell types or cell lines.

The cDNA of H-SemaL has a length of 2636 nucleotides (Table 2). The gene product of the H-SemaL cDNA has a length of about 666 amino acids (Table 4) and displays the typical domain structure of a type L semaphorin. The gene product has an N-terminal signal peptide (amino acids 1 to 44), Sema domain (amino acid 45 to approximately amino acid 545), and Ig (immunoglobulin) domain (approximately amino acids 550 to 620) and, at the C-terminal end, a hydrophobic amino acid sequence which represents a potential transmembrane domain. This domain structure has never previously been described for semaphorins. It relates to a membrane-associated glycoprotein which is probably located on the cell surface and belongs to a new subgroup. On the basis of this previously unknown domain structure, the semaphorins can now be divided into VI subgroups:

- I Secreted, without other domains (for example ORF-A49)
- II Ig Secreted (without transmembrane domain) (for example AHV-Sema)
- III Ig, TM, CP Membrane-anchored with cytoplasmic sequence (for example CD100)
- IV Ig, (P), HPC Secreted with hydrophilic C terminus (for example H-Sema-III, M-SemaD, collapsin-1)
- V Ig, TM, CP Membrane-anchored with C-terminal 7 thrombospondin motif (for example M-SemaF and G)

VI Ig, TM Membrane-anchored (for example H-SemaL,
M-SemaL)

The unglycosylated, unprocessed form of H-SemaL has a calculated molecular weight of about 74.8 kd (74823 dalton) (calculated using Peptide-Sort, GCG program package). The isoelectric point is calculated to be pH = 7.56.

A possible signal peptide cleavage site is located between amino acids 44 and 45 (Table 3; calculated with SignalP (http://www.cbs.dtu.dk/services/Signal_P), a program based on neural networks for analyzing signal sequences (Nielsen H. et. al. (1997) Protein Engineering 10:1-6)). This gives for the processed protein (without signal peptide) a molecular weight (MW) of 70.3 kd (70323 dalton) and an isoelectric point of pH=7.01.

The genomic structure is likewise substantially elucidated. The H-SemaL gene has 13 or 15 or more exons, preferably 14 exons, and 12 or 14 introns, preferably 13 introns. Because of this complex exon-intron structure, various splicing variants are possible. The mRNA of the transcribed H-SemaL gene is found in the Northern blot particularly in placenta, gonads, thymus and spleen. No mRNA has been detected in neuronal tissue or in muscle tissue. There is evidence of specifically regulated expression in endothelial cells.

Alternative splicing may also result in forms of H-SemaL with intracytoplasmic sequences which are involved in intracellular signal transduction, similar to, for example, CD100. It would likewise be possible for alternative splicing to result in secreted forms of H-SemaL, analogous to viral AHV-Sema.

Nucleotide and amino acid sequence analyses were performed with the aid of the GCG program package (Genetics Computer Group (1991) Program manual for the GCG package, Version 7, 575 Science Drive, Wisconsin, USA 53711), FASTA (Pearson and Lipman (1988) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 85, 2444-

2448) and BLAST program (Gish and States (1993) *Nat. Genet.* 3, 266-272; Altschul et al. (1990) *J. Mol. Biol.* 215, 403-410). These programs were also used for sequence comparisons with GenBank (Version 102.0) and Swiss Prot (Version 34.0).

Post-translational modifications such as glycosylation and myristylation of H-SemaL are likewise possible. Consensus sequences for N-glycosylation sites were found with the aid of the Prosite program (GCG program package) at positions 105, 157, 258, 330 and 602 of the amino acid sequence of H-SemaL (shown in Table 4), and those for myristylation were found at positions 114, 139, 271, 498, 499, 502 and 654 (consensus sequence: G~(E, D, R, K, H, P, F, Y, W) x (S, T, A, G, C, N)~(P)). In addition, the amino acid sequence of H-SemaL contains several consensus sequences for potential phosphorylation sites for various kinases. It can therefore be assumed that H-SemaL can be the substrate of various kinases, for example phosphorylation sites for creatine kinase 2, protein kinase C and tyrosine kinase.

Predicted creatine kinase 2 phosphorylation sites (consensus sequence Ck2: (S,T)x2(D,E)) (Prosite, GCG) at positions 119, 131, 173, 338, 419 and 481 of the amino acid sequence.

Predicted protein kinase C phosphorylation sites (consensus sequence PkC: (S,T)x(R,K)) (Prosite, GCG) at positions 107, 115, 190, 296, 350, 431, 524 and 576 of the amino acid sequence.

Predicted tyrosine kinase phosphorylation site (consensus sequence: (R,K)x{2,3}(D,E)x{2,3}Y) (Prosite, GCG) at position 205 of the amino acid sequence.

The consensus sequences are indicated in the single letter code for amino acids.

An "RGD" motif (arginine-glycine-aspartic acid) characteristic of integrins is located at position 267.

The glycosylation sites are highly conserved between viral AHV-Sema, H-SemaL and (as far as is known) M-SemaL.

Di- or multimerization of H-SemaL is possible and has been described for other semaphorins such as CD100 {Hall et al. (1996)}. The CD100 molecule is likewise a membrane-anchored glycoprotein dimer of 150kd. However, CD100 is not closely related to the human semaphorin (H-SemaL) according to the invention.

The partial cDNA sequence of M-SemaL has a length of 1195 nucleotides. This sequence codes for a protein having 394 amino acids. These 394 amino acids correspond to amino acids 1 to 396 of H-SemaL. The signal peptide in M-SemaL extends over amino acids 1 to 44 (exactly as in H-SemaL). The Sema domain starts at amino acid 45 and extends up to the end or probably beyond the end of the sequence shown in Table 4.

Multiple alignments were carried out using the Clustal W program (Thompson et al. (1994)). These alignments were processed further manually using SEAVIEW (Galtier et al. (1996) Comput. Appl. Biosci 12, 543-548). The phylogenetic distances were determined using Clustal W (Thompson et al. (1994)).

Comparison of the protein sequences of the known and of the novel semaphorins and phylogenetic analysis of these sequences shows that the genes can be categorized according to their phylogenetic relationship. The C-terminal domain structure of the corresponding semaphorin subtypes is, of course, involved in this as a factor deciding why semaphorins in the same subgroups are, as a rule, also more closely related phylogenetically than are semaphorins in different subgroups. The species from which the semaphorin

was isolated also has an influence, i.e. whether the corresponding species are phylogenetically closely related to one another or not.

A phylogenetic analysis (compare Figure 3) of the known semaphorin amino acid sequences (complete sequences and/or part-sequences, using the amino acid sequences for H-SemaL and M-SemaL shown in Tables 4 and 5 and for all other sequences the sequences stored under the accession numbers or the encoded amino acid sequences derived from these sequences) using the CLUSTAL W program {Thompson J.D. et al. (1994) Nucleic Acids Res. 22:4673-4680} shows that the amino acid sequences of H-SemaL and M-SemaL are phylogenetically closely related to one another and form a separate phylogenetic group. H-SemaL and M-SemaL in turn are phylogenetically most closely related to AHV-Sema and Vac-A39. They are distinctly more closely related to one another than to any other previously disclosed semaphorin. The analysis also shows that other semaphorins are also phylogenetically closely related to one another and form separate groups within the semaphorins. For example, the semaphorins which are secreted, for example H-Sema III, -IV, -V and -E belong in one phylogenetic group. Their homologs in other species also belong to this subfamily, whereas the human (transmembrane) CD100 belongs in one phylogenetic group together with the corresponding mouse homolog (M-SemaG2) and with Collapsin-4.

In relation to the complete amino acid sequences, the observed homologies within the phylogenetic groups are between about 90% and 80% amino acid identity in relation to very closely related genes such as, for example, H- and M-SemaE or -III/D and somewhat less than 40% in the case of less related genes of the semaphorins. Within the Sema domain, the observed amino acid identity is a few percent higher, and, owing to its great contribution to the total protein (50-80% of the protein belong to the Sema domain) of the amino acid sequence, this considerably influences the overall identity.

H-SemaL is, calculated for the complete protein, 46% identical with AHV-Sema, but if the Sema domain is considered on its own, then the amino

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acid identity is 53%. This is higher than, for example, between the related M-Sema-B and -C (37% identity in relation to the complete protein, 43% identity in relation to the Sema domain), similar to M-SemaA and -E (43% complete protein, 53% Sema domain). The amino acid identity between the partial M-SemaL sequence (Table 6) and H-SemaL (Table 5) in the region of the Sema domain is 93% so that it can be assumed that the correspondingly homologous mouse gene is involved.

Semaphorins corresponding to H-SemaL and M-SemaL in other species may have an amino acid identity within the Sema domain of more than 40% in relation to H-SemaL. In closely related vertebrates (mammals, birds) amino acid identities above 70% may even be found.

The semaphorins belong to a new subfamily with greater amino acid identity to the viral AHV-Sema than to the previously disclosed human and murine semaphorins, and with a C-terminal structure not previously disclosed for human semaphorins. These novel semaphorins (members of the subfamily) are distinguished by belonging, because of their domain structure, to subgroup IV and/or to the same phylogenetic group as H-SemaL and M-SemaL and/or have, in relation to the complete amino acid sequence, an amino acid identity of at least 30 to 40%, preferably 50 to 60%, particularly preferably 70 to 80%, or a greater identity, to H-SemaL and/or have, in relation to the Sema domain, an amino acid identity of at least 70%, preferably greater than 80%, particularly preferably greater than 90%, to H-SemaL.

The type L semaphorins also have a different type of biochemical function. One novel function of these semaphorins is modulation of the immune system.

The closest relative of H-Semal is the viral AHV semaphorin (AHV-Sema). The latter has a similar size but, in contrast to H-Semal, has no transmembrane domain. AHV-Sema is presumably secreted by virus-infected

cells in order to block the H-SemaL equivalent receptor (type L semaphorin in the blue wildebeest) in the natural host (blue wildebeest) and thus elude the attack of the immune system. It is also conceivable that there is a function as repulsive agent (chemorepellant) for cells of the immune system.

The biochemical function of the novel type L semaphorins and derivatives thereof is to be regarded as generally immunomodulating and/or inflammation-modulating. They are able on the one hand

A) as molecules inhibiting the immune response to display their effect as chemorepellant and/or immunosuppressant either locally, for example as transmembrane protein on the surface of cells, or else over larger distances, for example if they are secreted due to processing (for example proteases) or alternative splicing, for example by diffusion in the tissue.

For example, expression of these novel type L semaphorins for example on the surface of the cells of the vascular endothelium can prevent leukocyte attachment and migration thereof through the vessel wall. The novel semaphorins may play a part in maintenance of barrier effects, for example to prevent infections in particularly "important" or exposed organs, for example to maintain the blood-brain barrier, the placental circulation and/or other immunologically privileged locations (for example pancreatic islets) and/or in prevention of autoimmune diseases. In addition, the novel semaphorins and/or their derivatives may also be involved in repulsive signals in various tissues, for example for cells of the immune system (for example leukocytes) to prevent inadvertent activation of defense mechanisms.

B) In addition, the novel semaphorins and/or derivatives thereof may have functions as accessory molecules. Expressed on the cell surface, they may, for example, be involved in the interaction with cells of the

immune system as part of the activation of defense mechanisms, for example in cases of virus infection.

This reveals several possible uses of the novel type L semaphorins and derivatives thereof, and the nucleic acids coding for these proteins.

Function A): This comprises an immunosuppressant and/or anti-inflammatory principle: there are numerous potential possibilities of use in the areas of organ transplantation, therapy of inflammations, immunotherapy and gene therapy.

For example, nonhuman, transgenic animals can be produced with the aid of the semaphorin-encoding DNA or derivatives thereof.

One possible use of these animals is in the inhibition of transplant rejection in transgenic models of organ transplants. For example, transgenic animal organs protected against rejection can be produced for xenotransplants. This ought to be possible for example also together with other transgenes (for example complement regulators such as DAF or CD59). Another use is in the production of nonhuman knock-out animals, for example knock-out mice ("Laboratory Protocols for Gene-Targeting", Torres and Kühn (1997) Oxford University Press, ISBN 0-19-963677-X): It is possible by knocking out the mouse M-SemaL gene for example to find other functions of the gene. They also represent potential model systems for inflammatory diseases if the mice can survive without semaphorin gene. If M-SemaL is important for immunomodulation, a plurality of such mice is to be expected. In addition, nonhuman knock-in animals, for example mice, can be produced. This entails, for example, replacing M-SemaL by normal/modified H-SemaL or modified M-SemaL (for example integration of the novel semaphorin subtypes under the control of constitutive and/or inducible promoters). Animals of this type can be used, for example, for looking for further functions of the novel semaphorins, for example functions of the human gene or derivatives of these genes, or be used for identifying and characterizing immunomodulating agents.

Use of, for example, nucleic acids which code for type L semaphorins or derivatives thereof for producing, for example, recombinant immunosuppressants, other soluble proteins or peptides derived from the amino acid sequence of type L semaphorins, for example from H-SemaL or the corresponding nucleic acids, for example genes. It is also possible in a similar way to produce agonists with structural similarity. These immunosuppressant agents or agonists may be used for autoimmune diseases and inflammatory disorders and/or organ transplantations too.

Gene therapy with type L semaphorins, for example with nucleic acids which code for H-SemaL or derivatives thereof, for example using viral or nonviral methods. Use in autoimmune diseases and inflammatory disorders, the transduction of organs and before/during/after transplantations to prevent transplant rejection.

It is particularly possible to employ the novel semaphorins and/or the nucleic acids coding for these semaphorins, and derivatives thereof, in particular H-SemaL, DNA coding for H-SemaL, and derivatives thereof, in a method for screening for agents, in particular for identifying and characterizing immunomodulating agents.

Function B): H-SemaL is an accessory molecule which is expressed on the cell surface and is involved in the interaction with cells, for example of the immune system, for example as accessory molecule in the activation of signal pathways. A viral gene or the gene product of a viral or other pathogenic gene, for example of microbiological origin, might act, for example, as competitive inhibitor of this accessory molecule. One use of the novel semaphorins with this function is likewise in the area of organ transplantation, therapy of inflammation, immunotherapy and/or gene therapy.

For example, the novel semaphorins can be used in a method for screening for antagonistic agents or inhibitors. Agents identified in this way can then be

employed, for example, for blocking the semaphorin receptor. Soluble and/or secreted H-SemaL antagonists or inhibitors may be, for example, chemical substances or the novel semaphorins or derivatives thereof themselves (for example parts/truncated forms thereof, for example without membrane domain or as Ig fusion proteins or peptides derived from the latter, which are suitable for blocking the corresponding receptor). Specific antagonists and/or inhibitors identified in this way may, for example, have competitive effects and be employed for inhibiting rejection, for example in transgenic models of organ transplants and for autoimmune diseases, inflammatory disorders and organ transplants. Nucleic acids, for example DNA, which code for the novel semaphorins, or derivatives thereof produced with the aid of methods of molecular biology, may be used, for example, for producing nonhuman transgenic animals. Overexpression of H-SemaL in these transgenic animals may lead to increased susceptibility to autoimmune diseases and/or inflammatory disorders. Such transgenic animals are thus suitable for screening for novel specific immunomodulating agents.

Such nucleic acids can likewise be used to produce nonhuman knock-out animals, for example knock-out mice in which the mouse M-SemaL gene is switched off. Such knock-out animals can be employed to search for further biochemical functions of the gene. They also represent potential model systems for inflammatory disorders if the mice are able to survive without the M-SemaL gene.

This DNA can likewise be used to produce nonhuman knock-in animals, for example mice. This entails the M-SemaL gene being replaced by a modified M-SemaL gene/cDNA or an optionally modified, for example mutated, type L semaphorin gene/cDNA of another species, for example H-SemaL. Such transgenic animals can be used to look for further functions of the semaphorins according to the invention.

The invention also relates to the use of the type L semaphorins and derivatives thereof, and of the nucleic acids coding for these proteins, for

example genes/cDNAs and derivatives thereof and/or agents identified with the aid of these semaphorins for producing pharmaceuticals. It is possible, for example, to produce pharmaceuticals which can be used in gene therapy and which comprise agonists and/or antagonists of the expression of the type L semaphorins, for example of H-SemaL. It is possible to use for this purpose, for example, viral and/or nonviral methods. These pharmaceuticals can be employed, for example, for autoimmune diseases and inflammatory disorders, organ transplants before and/or during and/or after the transplantation to prevent rejection.

The nucleic acids coding for the novel semaphorins, for example genes, cDNAs and derivatives thereof, can also be employed as aids in molecular biology.

In addition, the novel semaphorins, especially H-SemaL and nucleic acids, for example genes/cDNAs thereof can be employed in methods for screening for novel agents. Modified proteins and/or peptides derived, for example, from H-SemaL and/or M-SemaL can be used to look for the corresponding receptor and/or its antagonists or agonist in functional assays, for example using expression constructs of H-SemaL and homologs.

The invention also relates to the use of a type L semaphorin or a nucleic acid sequence which codes for a type L semaphorin in a method for identifying pharmacological agents, especially immunomodulating agents.

The invention also relates to methods for identifying agents employing a type L semaphorin or a derivative thereof or a nucleic acid sequence which codes for a type L semaphorin, or a derivative thereof, in order to identify pharmacological agents, for example immunomodulating agents. The invention relates, for example, to a method in which a type L semaphorin is incubated under defined conditions with an agent to be investigated and, in parallel, a second batch is carried out without the agent to be investigated but

under conditions which are otherwise the same, and then the inhibiting or activating effect of the agent to be investigated is determined.

The invention also relates, for example, to methods for identifying agents where a nucleic acid sequence which codes for a type L semaphorin or a derivative thereof is expressed under defined conditions in the presence of an agent to be investigated, and the extent of the expression is determined. It is also possible, where appropriate, in such a method to carry out two or more batches in parallel under the same conditions but with the batches containing different amounts of the agent to be investigated.

For example, the agent to be investigated may inhibit or activate transcription and/or translation.

The type L semaphorin can, like its viral homologs, bind to the newly described receptor molecule VESPR (Comeau et al, (1998) *Immunity*, Vol. 8, 473-482) and in monocytes can presumably cause induction of cell adhesion molecules such as ICAM-1 and cytokines such as interleukin-6 and interleukin-8. This may lead to activation thereof and to cell aggregation. The expression pattern of the VESPR receptor shows some interesting parallels with H-SemaL, for example strong expression in placenta and pronounced expression in spleen tissue. Interactions with other as yet unknown receptors of the plexin family or other receptors are possible. It may also interact with itself or other semaphorin-like molecules. Interaction of the type L semaphorins may take place in particular via a conserved domain in the C-terminal region of the Sema domain.

Concerning the annotation on plasmids:

pMelBacA-H-SemaL (6622bp) in pMelBacA (Invitrogen, De Schelp, NL) (SEQ ID NO.42). Nucleotide 96-98 ATG – start codon, nucleotide 96-168 mellitin signal sequence, nucleotide 168-173 BamHI cleavage site (PCR/cloning), nucleotide 171-1998 reading frame SEMA-L amino acids 42-649 (without own

signal sequence and without transmembrane sequence), nucleotide 1993-1998 EcoRI cleavage site (PCR/cloning) and nucleotide 1992-1994 stop codon

Plasmid pCDNA3.1-H-SemaL-MychisA (7475 bp) (SEQ ID NO. 35): nucleotide 954-959 BamHI cleavage site (cloning), nucleotide 968-970 ATG SEMAL, nucleotide 968-2965 reading frame SEMAL, nucleotide 2963-2968 Pml I cleavage site, nucleotide 2969-2974 HindIII cleavage site, nucleotide 2981-3013 Myc tag, nucleotide 3026-3033 6xHis tag, nucleotide 3034-3036 stop codon,

Plasmid pCDNA3.1-H-SemaL-EGFP-MychisA (8192 bp):(SEQ ID NO. 36): nucleotide 954-959 BamHI cleavage site (cloning), nucleotide 968-970 ATG SEMA-L, nucleotide 968-2965 reading frame SEMA-L, nucleotide 2963-2965 half Pml I cleavage site, nucleotide 2966-3682 reading frame EGFP (cloned in Pml I), nucleotide 3683-3685 half Pml I cleavage site, nucleotide 3685-3691 HindIII, nucleotide 3698-3730 Myc tag, nucleotide 3743-3760 6xHis tag, and nucleotide 3761-3763 stop codon

Plasmid pIND-H-SemaL-EA (7108 bp) in vector pIND (Invitrogen, De Schelp, NL) (SEQ ID No. 38): nucleotide 533-538 BamHI cleavage site (cloning), nucleotide 546-548 ATG SEMA-L, nucleotide 546- reading frame SEMA-L, nucleotide 2542-2547 Pml I cleavage site, nucleotide 2548-2553 HindIII cleavage site and nucleotide 2563-2565 stop codon.

Plasmid pIND-H-SemaL-EE (total length 7102 bp) in vector pIND (Invitrogen, De Schelp, NL) (SEQ ID No. 37): nucleotide 533-538 BamHI cleavage site (cloning), nucleotide 546-548 ATG SEMA-L, nucleotide 546- reading frame SEMA-L, nucleotide 2542-2547 Pml I cleavage site, nucleotide 2548-2553 HindIII cleavage site, nucleotide 2560-2592 Myc tag, nucleotide 2605-2622 6xHis tag and nucleotide 2623-2625 stop codon.

Plasmid pQE30-H-SemaL-179-378.seq (4019 bp) in vector pQE30 (Qiagen, Hilden) corresponds to pQE30-H-SemaLBH (SEQ ID No. 39): nucleotide 115-117 ATG, nucleotide 127-144 6xHis tag, nucleotide 145-750 BamHI-HindIII PCR fragment SEMA-L amino acids (aa) 179-378 and nucleotide 758-760 stop codon.

Plasmid pQE31-H-SemaL- (SH (3999 bp) in vector pQE31 (Qiagen, Hilden) (SEQ ID No. 40): nucleotide 115-117 ATG, nucleotide 127-144 6xHis tag, nucleotide (147-152 BamHI), nucleotide 159-729 SacI-HindIII fragment SEMA-L (C-terminal) aa480-666 and nucleotide 734-736 stop codon.

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Examples:

Experimental conditions used in the examples:

PCR programs used:

Taq52-60 (with Ampli-Taq^R polymerase, Perkin Elmer, Weil der Stadt, Germany)

96°C/60s	1 cycle
96°C/15s-52°C/20s-70°C/60s	40 cycles
70°C/60s	1 cycle

Taq60-30

96°C/60s	1 cycle
96°C/15s-60°C/20s-70°C/30s	35 cycles
70°C/60s	1 cycle

Taq60-60

96°C/60s	1 cycle
96°C/15s-60°C/20s-70°C/60s	35 cycles
70°C/60s	1 cycle

Taq62-40

96°C/60s	1 cycle
96°C/15s-62°C/20s-70°C/40s	35 cycles
70°C/60s	1 cycle

Reaction conditions used for PCR with Taq polymerase:

50µl reaction mixtures with 100-200ng of template, 200µM dNTP, 0.2-0.4 µM each primer, 2.5U of Ampli-Taq^R, 5µl of the 10x reaction buffer supplied

Programs used for:

1. XL62-6 (with expand-long template PCR System^R, Boehringer Mannheim, Germany)

94°C/60s	1 cycle
94°C/15s-62°C/30s-68°C/6min	10 cycles
94°C/15s-62°C/30s-68°C/(6min+15s/cycle)	25 cycles
68°C / 7min	1 cycle
2. XL62-12 (with expand-long template PCR System ^R , Boehringer Mannheim, Germany)	
94°C/60s	1 cycle
94°C/15s-62°C/30s-68°C/12min	10 cycles
94°C/15s-62°C/30s-68°C/(12min+15s/cycle)	25 cycles
68°C / 7min	1 cycle

Reaction conditions for PCR with expand-long template PCR System

50µl reaction mixtures with 100-200ng of template, 500µM dNTP, 0.2-0.4 µM each primer, 0.75µl of enzyme mix, 5µl of the 10x reaction buffer No. 2 supplied.

Example 1:

Starting from AHV-Sema sequences (Ensser & Fleckenstein (1995), J. General Virol. 76: 1063-1067), PCRs and RACE-PCRs were carried out. The starting material used for this was human cDNA from placental tissue onto which adaptors had been ligated for the RACE amplification (MarathonTM-cDNA Amplification Kit, Clontech Laboratories GmbH, Tullastraße 4, 69126 Heidelberg, Germany). Firstly specific primers (No. 121234 + No. 121236, Table 6) were used to amplify a PCR fragment with a length of about 800bp (base pairs) (PCR program: (Taq60-60)). This was cloned and sequenced (Taq dye-deoxy terminator sequencing kit, Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA, USA/ Brunnenweg 13, Weil der Stadt). Sequencing of the PCR product revealed a sequence which has a high degree of homology with the DNA sequence of AHV-Sema, identical to the sequence of the two ESTs.

A PCR fragment of 600bp was identified using the primer pair (No. 121237 + No. 121239, Table 6). It emerged that they were clones with DNA sequences from the same gene.

Example 2:

The 800bp PCR fragment from Example 1 was radiolabeled (random priming by the method of {Feinberg (1983) Anal. Biochem. 132:6-13}, with ^{32}P - α -dCTP) and used as probe for a multitissue Northern blot (Human Multiple Tissue Northern Blot II, Clontech, Heidelberg, Germany) which contains mRNA samples from the tissues spleen, thymus, prostate, testes, ovaries, small intestine, large intestine and leukocytes (PBL). This clearly showed expression of an mRNA with a length of about 3.3kb in spleen and gonads (testes, ovaries), and less strongly in the thymus and intestine. Hybridization of a master blot (dot-blot with RNA from numerous tissues (Human RNA Master BlotTM, Clontech)) confirmed this result and also showed strong expression in placental tissue.

Hybridization was carried out under stringent conditions (5xSSC, 50 mM Na phosphate pH 6.8, 50% formamide, 100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$ yeast RNA) at 42°C for 16 hours. The blots were washed stringently (65°C, 0.2XSSC, 0.1% SDS) and exposed to a Fuji BAS2000 PhosphoimagerTM.

Example 3:

A cDNA library from human spleen, cloned in the bacteriophage Lambda gt10 (Human Spleen 5' STRETCH PLUS cDNA, Clontech), was screened with this probe, and a lambda clone was identified. The cDNA with a length of 1.6kb inserted in this clone was amplified by PCR (ExpandTM Long Template PCR System, Boehringer Mannheim GmbH, Sandhofer Straße 116, 68305 Mannheim) using the vector-specific primers No. 207608 + No. 207609 (Table 6) (flanking the EcoRI cloning site), and the resulting PCR fragment was sequenced. This clone contained the 5' end of the cDNA and also extended

the known cDNA sequence in the 3' direction. Starting from the new part-sequences of the cDNA, new primers for the RACE-PCR were developed (No. 232643, No. 232644, No. 233084, Table 6). Together with an improved thermocycler technique (PTC-200 from MJ-Research, Bizym Diagnostik GmbH, 31833 Hess. Oldendorf) with distinctly better performance data (heating and cooling rates), a 3' RACE-PCR product was amplified using the primers No. 232644 and No. 232643 and AP1, and was cloned into the vector pCR2.1 (Invitrogen, De Schelp 12, 9351 NV Leek, The Netherlands). The 3' RACE-PCR product was sequenced and the 3' end of the cDNA was identified in this way. A RACE amplification in the 5' direction (primers No. 131990 and No. 233084 and AP1) extended the 5' end of the cDNA by a few nucleotides and confirmed the amino terminus of H-SemaL found in the identified lambda clone.

Example 4:

Starting from a short murine EST (Accession No. AA260340) and a primer derived therefrom, No. 260813 (Table 6) and the H-SemaL specific primer No. 121234 (Table 6), PCR (conditions: Taq52-60) was used to amplify a DNA fragment with a length of about 840 bp of murine cDNA, followed by cloning into the vector pCR2.1. The gene containing this DNA fragment was called M-SemaL. The resulting M-SemaL DNA fragment was used to investigate a cDNA bank from mouse spleen (Mouse Spleen 5' STRETCH cDNA, Clontech), identification of several clones being possible.

PCR (Taq60-30) with the primers No. 260812 and No. 260813 from murine endothelial cDNA provided a PCR fragment with a length of 244 base pairs. The PCR results showed that there is distinct baseline expression in murine endothelial cells which declines after stimulation with the cytokine interferon- γ and lipopolysaccharides.

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Example 5:

Investigations on the location in the chromosome were carried out by fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH). For this purpose, human and murine metaphase chromosomes were prepared starting from a human blood sample and the mouse cell line BINE 4.8 (Keyna et al. (1995) J. Immunol. 155, 5536-5542), respectively (Kraus et al. (1994) Genomics 23, 272-274). The slides were treated with RNase and pepsin (Liehr et al. (1995) Appl. Cytogenetics 21, 185-188). For the hybridization, 120 µg of human nick-translated semaphorin sample and 200 µg of a corresponding mouse sample were used. The hybridization was in each case carried out in the presence of 4.0 µg of COT1-DNA and 20 µg of STD at 37°C (3 days) in a moistened chamber.

The slides were washed with 50% formamide/2x SSC (3 times for 5 min each time at 45°C) and then with 2x SSC (3 times for 5 min each time at 37°C), and the biotinylated sample was detected using the FITC-avidin system (Liehr et al. (1995)). The slides were evaluated using a fluorescence microscope. 25 metaphases/sample were evaluated, carrying out each experiment in duplicate. It emerged that H-SemaL is located on chromosome 15q23. Located adjacent in the chromosome is the locus for Bardet-Biedls syndrome and Tay-Sachs disease (hexosaminidase A).

Example 6:

The genomic intron-exon structure of the H-SemaL gene is for the most part elucidated.

Genomic DNA fragments were amplified starting from 250 µg of human genomic DNA which had been isolated from PHA-stimulated peripheral lymphocytes (blood). Shorter fragments were amplified using Ampli Taq^R (Perkin Elmer), and longer fragments were amplified using the expanded long template PCR System^R (Boehringer Mannheim).

It has been possible by PCR amplification to date to clone and characterize almost the complete genomic locus of H-SemaL. It has already been possible in total to determine more than 8888 bp of the genomic sequence and thus substantially to elucidate the intron-exon structure of the gene.

Example 7:

Expression clonings:

Since no complete clone of the semaphorin gene could be isolated from the lambda-gt10 cDNA bank, and no complete clone was obtainable by PCR either, the coding region of the cDNA was amplified in 2 overlapping subfragments by PCR (XL62-6) using the primers No. 240655 and No. 121339 for the N-terminal DNA fragment, and the primers No. 240656 (contains HindIII and Pmel cleavage sites) and No. 121234 for the C-terminal DNA fragment. The resulting DNA fragments (subfragments) were cloned into the vector pCR21. The two subfragments were completely sequenced and finally the complete H-SemaL cDNA was prepared by inserting a 0.6kb C-terminal SstI-HindIII restriction fragment into the plasmid which contained the N-terminal DNA fragment and had been cut with the restriction enzymes SstI and HindIII. From this plasmid pCR2.1-H-SemaL (sequence shown in Table 7, SEQ ID NO. 34), the complete gene was cut out using the EcoRI cleavage site (in pCR2.1) and HindIII cleavage site (in primer No. 240656, Table 6) and ligated into a correspondingly cut constitutive expression vector pCDNA3.1(-)MycHisA (Invitrogen). The EcoRI-Apal fragment (without Myc-His tag) was cut out of the resulting recombinant plasmid pCDNA3.1(-)H-SemaL-MycHisA (sequence shown in Table 8) and ligated into the inducible vector pIND (Ecdysone-Inducible Mammalian Expression System, Invitrogen) which had previously likewise been cut with EcoRI-Apal. The recombinant plasmid was called pIND-H-SemaLEA (sequence shown in Table 11). An EcoRI-Pmel fragment (with Myc-His tag) from pCDNA3.1(-)H-SemaL-Myc-HisA (sequence shown in Table 9) was inserted into an EcoRI-EcoRV-cut vector pIND. The recombinant plasmid was called pIND-H-SemaL-EE (sequence shown in Table 10).

A fusion gene of H-SemaL with enhanced green fluorescent protein (EGFP) was prepared by ligating the PCR-amplified EGFP reading frame (from the vector pEGFP-C1 (Clontech), using the primers No. 243068 + No. 243069, Taq52-60) into the Pmel cleavage site of the plasmid pCDNA3.1(-)H-SemaL-MycHisA, resulting in the plasmid pCDNA3.1(-)H-SemaL-EGFP-MycHisA (sequence shown in Table 9).

Small letters in Tables 7 to 13 and Table 15 denote the sequence of H-SemaL, parts or derivatives thereof, and large letters denote the sequence of the plasmid.

Example 8:

To prepare H-SemaL-specific antibodies, cDNA fragments of H-SemaL were integrated into prokaryotic expression vectors and expressed in *E. coli*, and the semaphorin derivatives were purified. The semaphorin derivatives were expressed as fusion proteins with a His tag. Accordingly, vectors containing the sequence for a His tag and permitting integration of the semaphorin cDNA fragment into the reading frame were used. An N-terminal 6xhistidine tag makes it possible, for example, to purify by nickel chelate affinity chromatography (Qiagen GmbH, Max-Volmer Straße 4, 40724 Hilden):

1. The part of the H-SemaL cDNA coding for amino acids 179-378 was amplified by PCR using the primers No. 150788 and No. 150789, and this DNA fragment was ligated into the vector pQE30 (Qiagen) which had previously been cut with the restriction enzymes BamHII and HindIII (construct pQE30-H-SemaL-BH (sequence shown in Table 12)).
2. The section of the H-SemaL cDNA coding for the C-terminal amino acids 480-666 was cut with the restriction enzymes SstI and HindIII out of the plasmid pCR 2.1 and ligated into the vector pQE31 (Qiagen)

which had previously been cut with SstI and HindIII (construct pQE31-H-SemaL-SH (sequence shown in Table 13)).

Correct integration of the sequences in the correct reading frame was checked by DNA sequencing. The fusion proteins consisting of an N-terminal 6xhistidine tag and a part of the semaphorin H-SemaL were purified by Ni^{2+} affinity chromatography. The purified fusion proteins were used to immunize various animals (rabbit, chicken, mouse).

Example 9:

FACS analysis of various cell types (Figures 4 and 5)

The cells (about $0.2\text{--}0.5 \times 10^6$) were washed with FACS buffer (phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) with 5% fetal calf serum (FCS) and 0.1% Na azide) and then incubated with the antisera (on ice) for 1 hour in each case.

The primary antibodies used for the control (overlay chicken preimmune serum (1:50)) and for the specific detection (specific staining) comprised an H-SemaL-specific chicken antiserum (1:50). The specific antiserum with antibodies against amino acids (Aa) 179-378 (with N-terminal His tag) of H-SemaL was generated by immunizing chickens with the protein purified by Ni chelate affinity chromatography (as described in Example 8). The second antibody used was an FITC-labeled anti-chicken F(ab') antibody from rabbits (Dianova Jackson Laboratories, Order No. 303-095-006, Hamburg, Germany) (1 mg/ml). A rabbit anti-mouse IgG, FITC-labeled, was used for the CD100 staining. The second antibody was employed in each case in 1:50 dilution in FACS buffer.

The cells were then washed, resuspended in PBS and analyzed in the FACS. The FACS analysis was carried out using a FACS-track instrument (Becton-Dickinson). Principle: a single cell suspension is passed through a measuring channel where the cells are irradiated with laser light of 488 nm and thus fluorescent dyes (FITC) are excited. The measurements are of the light

scattered forward (forward scatter, FSC: correlates with the cell size), and to the side (sideward scatter, SSC: correlates with the granular content: different in different cell types) and fluorescence in channel 1 (FL 1) (for wavelengths in the FITC emission range, max. at 530 nm). 10,000 events (cells) were measured in this way each time.

The dot plot (Figures 4a-k) (figure on the left in each case): FSC against SSC (size against granular content/scatter) with, inside the boundary, the (uniform) cell population of similar size and granular content analyzed in the right-hand window (relevant right-hand figure in each case). The right-hand window shows the intensity of FL 1 (X axis) against the number of events (Y axis), that is to say a frequency distribution.

In each of these, the result with the control serum (unfilled curve) is superimposed on the result of the specific staining (filled curve). A shift of the curve for the specific staining to the right compared with the control corresponds to an expression of H-SemaL in the corresponding cells. A larger shift means stronger expression.

Cell lines used for FACS analysis:

a) U937 cell line

American Type Culture Collection ATCC; ATCC number: CRL-1593

Name: U-937

Tissue: lymphoma; histiocytic; monocyte-like

Species: human;

Depositor: H. Koren

b) THP-1 cell line

ATCC number: TIB-202

Tissue: monocyte; acute monocytic leukemia

Species: human

Depositor: S. Tsuchiya

c) K-562 cell line
ATCC number: CCL-243
Tissue: chronic myelogenous leukemia
Species: human;
Depositor: H.T. Holden

d) L-428 cell line
DSMZ-Deutsche Sammlung von Mikroorganismen und Zellkulturen GmbH,
DSMZ No: ACC 197
Cell type: human Hodgkin's lymphoma

e) Jurkat cell line
DSMZ-Deutsche Sammlung von Mikroorganismen und zellkulturen GmH,
DSMZ No: ACC 282
Cell type: human T cell leukemia

f) Daudi cell line
ATCC number: CCL-213
Tissue: Burkitt's lymphoma; B lymphoblast; B cells
Species : human
Depositor: G. Klein

g) LCL cell line
EBV-transformed lymphoblastoid B-cell line.

h) Jiyoye (P-2003) cell line
ATCC number: CCL-87
Tissue: Burkitt's lymphoma; B cells, B lymphocyte
Species: human
Depositor: W. Henle

i) CBL-Mix57

Human T-cell line (isolated from blood) transformed with recombinant H. Saimiri (wild-type without deletion)

j) CBL-Mix59

Human T-cell line (isolated from blood) transformed with H. Saimiri (deletion of ORF71).

Example 10: Protein gel and Western blot

Secretable human SEMA-L (amino acids 42-649 in Table 4 (without signal peptide and without transmembrane domain)) was cloned into the plasmid pMelBac-A (Invitrogen, De Schelp, Leck, The Netherlands, Cv 1950-20) and, in this way, the plasmid pMelBacA-H-SemaL (length 6622bp) was generated (Figure 8). The H-SemaL derivative was expressed in the baculovirus system (Bac-N-Blue, Invitrogen). Expression was carried out in the cell lines derived from insect egg cells Sf9 (from *Spodoptera frugiperda*) and High FiveTM (from *Trichoplusia ni*, U.S. Pat. No. 5,300,435, purchased from Invitrogen) by infection with the recombinant, plaque-purified baculoviruses.

The expression was carried out in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

The proteins were then fractionated in a gel, and the H-SemaL derivative was detected in a Western blot. Detection was carried out with H-SemaL-specific chicken antiserum (compare Example 8 and Figure 7) (dilution 1:100). The specific chicken antibody was detected using anti-IgY-HRP conjugate (dilution: 1:3000, from donkey; Dianova Jackson Laboratories) in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Example 11: Preparation of pMelBacA-H-SEMA-L

The recombinant vector (pMelBacA-H-SEMA-L, 6622bp) was prepared by cloning an appropriate DNA fragment which codes for amino acids 42-649 of

H-SemaL into the vector pMelBacA (4.8 kb Invitrogen) (compare annotation for pMelBacA-H-SEMAL). The cloning took place via BamHI and EcoRI in frame behind the signal sequence present in the vector ("honeybee melittin signal sequence"). A corresponding H-SemaL DNA fragment was amplified using the primer pair h-sema-1 baculo 5' and h-sema-1 baculo 3'.

Primers for amplification (TaKaRa Ex Ta9 polymerase) and cloning:
"h-sema-1 baculo 5'" for amplification without signal sequence and for introducing a BamHI cleavage site
5'-CCGGATCCGCCAGGGCACCTAAGGAGCGG-3' (SEQ ID NO: 43)
"h-sema-1 baculo 3'" for amplification without transmembrane domain and for introducing an EcoRI cleavage site
5'-CTGAATTTCAGGAGCCAGGGCACAGGCATG-3' (SEQ ID NO: 44).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1:
Tissue-specific expression of H-Sema - L

A) Multiple tissue Northern blot (Clontech, Heidelberg, Germany). Loadings from left to right: 2 µg in each lane of Poly-A-RNA from spleen, thymus, prostate, testes, ovaries, small intestine, large intestinal mucosa, peripheral (blood) leukocytes. Size standards are marked.

The blots were hybridized under stringent conditions with an H-SemaL probe 800 base-pairs long.

Figure 2:
Diagrammatic representation of the cloning of the H-SemaL cDNA and of the genomic organization of the H-SemaL encoding sequences (H-SemaL gene)
Top: Location of the EST sequences (accession numbers; location of the EST sequences is shown relative to the AHV-Sema sequence).

Below: Amplified PCR and RACE products and the position of the cDNA clones in relation to the location in the complete H-SemaL cDNA and the open reading frame (ORF) for the encoded protein.

Bottom: Relative position of the exons in the H-SemaL gene in relation to the genomic sequence. The position of the oligonucleotide primer used is indicated by arrows.

Figure 3:

Phylogenetic tree: Obtained by multiple alignment of the listed semaphorin sequences. The phylogenetic relationship of the semaphorins can be deduced from their grouping in the phylogenetic tree.

Figure 4:

FACS analysis of H-SemaL expression in various cell lines and various cell types (compare Example 8).

Figure 5:

Comparative analysis of CD100 and H-SemaL expression (compare Example 9).

Figure 6:

Expression of secretable human SEMA-L (H-SemaL) in HiFive and Sf3 cells (compare Example 10).

Aa 42-649 in pMelBac-A (Invitrogen) in the baculovirus system (Bac-N-Blue, Invitrogen)

Detection with specific chicken antiserum (1:100) and anti-IgY-HRP conjugate (1:3000, from rabbits, Jackson Lab.)

1,4,6 uninfected HiFive cells (serum-free)

2,3,5,7,8 HiFive cells infected with recombinant baculovirus (serum-free)

M Rainbow molecular weight marker (Amersham RPN756)

9,10 infected Sf9 cells (serum-containing medium).

Figure 7: Specificity of the antiserum

Lanes 1-3: chicken 1; lanes 4-6: chicken 2
Lanes 1 and 4: Preimmune serum
Lanes 2 and 5: 60th day of immunization
Lanes 4 and 6: 105th day of immunization

Immunization was carried out with amino acids 179-378 of H-SemaL (with amino-terminal His tag) (compare Example 8, Section 1.)

Figure 8: Depiction of the plasmid map of pMelBacA-H-SEMAL.

The recombinant plasmid was prepared as described in Example 11.

TABLES

Table 1: Various subtypes of semaphorins from various species

Name	Synonym	Species		Reference
H-Sema III	(H-SemaD)	Human	Sec.	(Kolodkin et al. 1993)
CD-100		Human	TM, IC; CD45 associated, expressed in T cells	(Hall et al. 1996)
H-Sema V	(H-SemaA)	Human	Sec.; Locus 3p21.3	(Sekido et al. 1996; Roche et al. 1996)
H-Sema IV	(H-Sema3F)	Human	Sec.; Locus 3p21.3	(Xiang et al. 1996; Sekido et al. 1996)
H-SemaE		Human	Sec.; divergent from M-Sema-E at the 3' end (alignment of reading frame improved)	AB002220 (Yamada 1997 unpublished)
H-SemaK	KIA0331	Human	Sec.;	(Nagase et al. 1997)
H-SemaL	SEMA1	Human	TM, no IC	This application
M-SemaA		Mouse	Sec.	(Püschel et al. 1995)
M-SemaB		Mouse	TM, IC	(Püschel et al. 1995)
M-SemaC		Mouse	TM, IC	(Püschel et al. 1995)
M-SemaD	M-Sema III	Mouse	Sec.	(Messersmith et al. 1995; Püschel et al. 1995)
M-SemaE		Mouse	Sec.; 5' partial sequence	(Püschel et al. 1995)

Name	Synonym	Species		Reference
M-Sema1	M-SemaF	Mouse	TM, IC	(Inagaki et al. 1995)
M-Sema2	M-SemaG	Mouse	TM, IC; expressed in lymphoid cells, mouse homolog of CD100	(Furuyama et al. 1996)
M-SemaF2	M-SemaF	Mouse	TM, IC; Thrombospondin motif	(Adams et al. 1996)
M-SemaG1	M-SemaG	Mouse	TM, IC; Thrombospondin motif	(Adams et al. 1996)
M-SemaH		Mouse	Sec.	(Christensen 1996 unpub) Z80941
M-SemaV1a		Mouse	TM, IC	(Zhou et al. 1997)
M-SemaL		Mouse	Partial sequence	This application
Collapsin-1		Chicken	Sec.	(Luo et al. 1993)
Collapsin-2		Chicken	Sec.	(Luo et al. 1995)
Collapsin-3		Chicken	Sec.	(Luo et al. 1995)
Collapsin-4		Chicken	Partial sequence	(Luo et al. 1995)
Collapsin-5		Chicken	Sec.	(Luo et al. 1995)
R-Sema II		Rat	Sec.	(Giger et al. 1996)

Name	Synonym	Species		Reference
T-Sema I		<i>Tribolium confusum</i>	TM, IC	(Kolodkin et al. 1993)
Ce-Sema I		<i>C. elegans</i>	TM, IC	U15667 (Roy 1994 unpublished)
G-Sema I	<i>Fasciclin-IV</i>	Grasshopper	TM, IC	(Kolodkin et al. 1992)
D-Sema I		<i>Drosophila</i>	TM, IC	(Kolodkin et al. 1993)
D-Sema II		<i>Drosophila</i>	Sec.	(Kolodkin et al. 1993)
AHV-Sema		<i>AHV-1</i>	Sec.	(Ensser and Fleckenstein, 1995)
ORF-A39		<i>Vaccinia</i>	Sec.	(Kolodkin et al. 1993)
ORF-A39 homologous		<i>Viola</i>	Sec.;	(Kolodkin et al. 1993)

TM: transmembrane domain

Sec.: secreted

IC: presumably intracellular cytoplasmic sequence motif

Table 2: cDNA sequence of H-SemaL (2636 nucleotides) (SEQ ID NO.: 1)

1651	gacaaggccc cactgcagaa ggttccctg gccccaaact ctgcgtacta
1701	cctgagctgc cccatggaa cccgcccacgc caccctactca tggcccccaca
1751	aggagaacgt ggagcagagc tgccgaacctg gtcaccagag ccccaactgc
1801	atccgttca tcgagaacctc caccggcgcag cagtacggcc actactctcg
5	5 1851 cgaggcccag gagggtctt acttccgcga ggctcagcac tggcagctgc
1901	tgcccgagga cggccatcgatc gccgagacacc tgctgggtca tgccctgtgcc
1951	ctggcgtccctt ccctctggctt gggggctgtt cccacactca ctctggctt
2001	gclgggtccac tagggccctcc ggaggctggg catgcctcag gcttctgcag
2051	cccaggccac tagaaacgtt cacaactaga gccggctggc cggggagctc
10	10 2101 ctggccgtcc acttcttcca ggggacagaaa taacccagtg gaggatgcaca
2151	2151 ggccgggaga cgttccatcgcc caggccgtt ctggggccca ggtggccac
2201	2201 ggalggtagg ggggttagaa tgagggccacc gactgttaga ctggggccatc
2251	2251 galgacccaa gactttatctt tctggaaaat atttttcaga ctctccaaac
2301	2301 tgactaaat gcaggatgc tcccgccca agagccatcg ggtcggggag
15	15 2351 tgggttggaa taggagatgtt gggactccat ctgcaccctg gggctgaggc
2401	2401 ctggatccctt ctggacttctt ggtacccaca ttgccttctt cccctccctc
2451	2451 tctcatgggtt ggggtggctgg tttctgttac gaccaggggc taccctctgt
2501	2501 ccagccctgtt cctctgcgc tccctctgtt gtcctgggtt ccacaggaca
2551	2551 gccgcctgtt atgtttatgtt aaggatgtt gctttccgga cggaaaggacg
20	20 2601 gaaaaagctc tgaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa

Table 3: Nucleotide sequence of the cDNA of M-SemaL
(partial, 1195 nucleotides) (SEQ ID NO.: 2)

25	1 cggggctgcg ggtatgcaccc tccctccccc ggacgtggccg ccccccacgc
51	51 acccgccgc cccgttccca gcccgcggc tgggttccggg ctcccgctgc
101	101 ggctgcgtct tctgtgggtt ttctgggtt cccgcgcctc cggccaaaggc
151	151 cactgcagga ggggacccgc catctccccc gtcgtggaaag ggcaggacca
30	30 201 tttttttttt agccacccctg agccacacac cgtgtttttt catgagccgg
251	251 gcaatccatcc tttttttttt gggtttttttt gcaatccatcc cccatccatcc
301	301 ttcccccagg gcaagaatgc ctgtgtggcc acgggttgcata tgggttccac
351	351 aaaggggcc tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt
401	401 tagaaaggcc gggatgtttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt
35	35 451 cccatccatcc gcaatccatcc tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt

501 gatgaaaggc tatgccccct tcagccccgg a tgagaactcc ctggttctgt
 551 ttgaggaga tgaagtgtac tctaccatcc ggaaggcagg a atacaacggg
 601 aagatccctc ggttccgacg cattccccggc gagagtgaac tgcacacaag
 651 tgatcacatc atgcagaacc cacagtcatc caaggccacc atgtgcacc
 5 701 aagaccaaggc ctatgtatgat aagatctact acttcttcgg a gaaagacaac
 751 cctgacaaga a ccccgaggc tccttcaat gtgtcccgag tagcccgat
 801 gtgcaggggg gaccagggtg gtgcagggtc gtgtctgtc tcacaagg
 851 acacccctc gaaaggccatc ttgtctgtca gcgatgcagg caccacagg
 901 aacttcaatc ggctgtcaga tgcgtctgtc tcctgtacc ccagtggca
 10 951 gtggagagat accagggtct atggcggtt ctccaaacccc tgaaactact
 1001 cagctgtctc cgtgtatcc ctgggtaca ttgacagatc ctccgtacc
 1051 tcatcgctca aaggcttacca catggccctt tcacaaccctc gacccgtat
 1101 gtgcctccca aaaaaggcgc ccataccac agaaacccctc caggtagctg
 1151 atagtcaccc agagggtggc taggggtgg aacctatggg gcccc

15

Table 4: Amino acid sequence of H-SemaL (666 amino acids)
(SEQ ID NO.: 3)

20 1 MTPPPPGRAA PSAPRARVPG PPARLGLPLR LRLLLLWAA AASAQGHLRS
 51 GPRIFAVWKG HVGQDRVDFG QTEPHTVLFH EPGSSSVWVG GRGKVYLFDF
 101 PEGKNASVRT VNIGSTKGSC LDKRDCENYI TLLERRSEGL LACGTNARHP
 151 SCWNLVNGTV VPLGEMRGYA PFSPDENSLV LFEDEVYST IRKQEYNGKI
 201 PRFRRIRGES ELYTSDTVMQ NPQFQIKATIV HQDQAYDDKI YYFFREDNPD
 25 251 KNPPEAPLNVs RVAQLCRGDQ GGESELLSVSK WNTFLKAMLV CSDAATNKNF
 301 NRLQDVFLLP DPSGQWRDTR VYGVFSNPWN YSAVCVYSLG DIDKVFRTSS
 351 LKGYHSSLNPN PRPGKCLPDQ QPIPTETFQV ADRHPEVAQR VEPMGPLKTP
 401 LFHSKYHYQK VAVHRMQASH GETFHVLYLT TDRGTIHKVV EPGEQEHSFA
 451 FNIMEIQPFR RAAAIQTMsl DAERRKLYVS SQWEVSQVPL DLCEVYGGGC
 30 501 HGCLMSRDPY CGWDQGRCIS IYSSERSVQL SINPAEPHKE CPNPKPDKAP
 551 LQKVSLAPNS RYYLSCPMEs RHATYSWRHK ENVEQSCEPG HQSPNCILFI
 601 ENLTAQQYGH YFCEAQEGSY FREAQHWQLL PEDGIMAEHL LGHACALAA
 651 LWLGVLPPLT LGLLVH

35

Table 5: (Partial) amino acid sequence of M-Semal (394 amino acids, corresponding to position 1-396 of H-Semal)
(SEQ ID NO.: 4)

5	1	MTPPPPGRAA PSAPRARVLS LPARFGLPLR LRLLVFVWA AAAAQGHRS
	51	GPRISAVWKQ QDHVDFSQPE PHTVLFHEPG SFSVWVGGRG KVYHFNFPEG
	101	KNASVRTVNI GSTKGSCQDK QDCGNYITLL ERRGNGLVC GTNARKPSCW
	151	NLVNDSVVMS LGEMKGYAPF SPDENSJVLF EGDEVYSTIR KQEYNGKIPR
	201	FRRIRGESEL YTSDTVMQNP QFIKATIVHQ DQAYDDKIYY FFREDNPDKN
10	251	PEAPLNVSRV AQLCRGDQGG ESSLVSKWN TFLKAMLVCS DAATNRNFNR
	301	LQDFVLLPDP SGQWRDTRVY GVFSPNPWNS AVCVYSLGDI DRVFRTSSLK
	351	GYHMGLSNPR PGMCLPKKQ IPTETFQVAD SHPEVAQRVE PMGP

15 Table 6: Synthetic oligonucleotides (Eurogentec, Seraing, Belgium)

207608/ agcaagttcagccgtttaagt (SEQ ID NO.: 22)
 Amplification of λgt10 insert
 207609/ ttatgagtttttccagg (SEQ ID NO.: 23)
 Amplification of λgt10 insert
 5 232643/Est 13 ccattaatccagccgagccacaag (SEQ ID NO.: 24)
 232644/Est 14 catctacagctccgaaacggctcg (SEQ ID NO.: 25)
 233084 cagcggaaaggccaaacccgag (SEQ ID NO.: 26)
 240655/hs 5 gggatgacccctccggccgg (SEQ ID NO.: 27)
 240656/hs 3 aagcttcacggccaggcaagccaaagg (SEQ ID NO.: 28)
 10 240657/hs 3c aagctttccgtccctccgg (SEQ ID NO.: 29)
 243068 atggtagacaaggccggaggatcg (SEQ ID NO.: 30)
 243069 ctgtacagctcgccalgcgg (SEQ ID NO.: 31)
 260812 GGGTGGTGGAGAGTCGTTGTC (SEQ ID NO.: 32)
 260813 GAGCGATGAGGTACGGAAGACTCTG (SEQ ID NO.: 33)

15

Table 7: Nucleotide sequence of the recombinant plasmid pCR2.1-H-SemaL (SEQ ID NO.: 34)

20 1 AGCGCCCAAT ACGCAAACCG CCTCTCCCCG CGCGTTGGCC GATTCAATTAA
 51 51 TGCAGCTGGC ACGACAGGTT TCCCGACTGG AAAGCGGGCA GTGAGCGCAA
 101 101 CGCAATTAAAT GTGAGTTAGC TCACTCATTA GGCACCCCCAG GCTTTACACT
 151 151 TTATGCTTCC GGCTCGTATG TTGTGTGGAA TTGTGAGCGG ATAACAATT
 201 201 CACACAGGAA ACAGCTATGA CCATGATTAC GCGaagttc acgtggacca
 25 251 gcaaggcaag atgagttgtt ggccgcaccc ccaggccagag ggaggccagcc
 301 301 agggcacagg catgacccagg caggatcgccgccatgtatgc cgtccctcggg
 351 351 cagcagctgc cagtcgtcg ctcgcggaa ttggagccctccgg
 401 401 cgcagaagta gtggccgtac tgcgtcgccg tgaggatctcgatgaacagg
 451 451 atgcgttgg ggctctggg accaggatcg cagctctgtt ccacgttctc
 30 501 501 ctgtggccg catgagtagg tggcgccggg ggatccatg gggcagctca
 551 551 ggtagtagcg agaggatggg gccaggaaaa ccttcgtcg tggggccctg
 601 601 tctggatgg ggtgggaca ctccctgtgt ggctcgccgt gatataatgg
 651 651 ttgcacact gaccgttcg agcgttagat ggatgtcgcc cggccctgtt
 701 701 cccagccca tttggggatcc cggggacatgaa ggcaaccgtg gcaagccccc
 35 751 751 ccatagaccc cacacaggcc caggggcacc tggctcacct cccactggg

801 gctcacat acgtccctgc gtcgcacatc cgcgcacatg gtcgtggatgg
851 cagccgcgcg gccggaaaggcc tggatctcca tggatgttga ggcgaagctg
901 tgctclctgc ccccccgttc caccacatgt tggatgtgc cccctgtctgt
951 agtttagttaa agcacaatgaa aggtctcccc gtggctggct tgcatacggt
5 1001 gaacggccac ttccgttagt tggatatttgc agtggaaacaa tggcgcttcc
1051 agaggccca tgggctccac ccctcgcc acctctgggt gacggctcagc
1101 cacccgttgcg gtcgtcggtt gatccgttgc ctggctggg aggcaactgtc
1151 caggccgcgg gttgggaaagg ctggatgtgtt agccctgtgg tgaggaggta
1201 cggaaagacct tgcatacgcc acccgaggaa tacacacaga cggctgagta
10 1251 gttccaggggg ttggagaaaaa caccatagac cctgggttcc ctcactggc
1301 cgctggggtc agggaggcagg aagaacgtttt gcaaggctgtt gaatgtcttg
1351 ttggggcagc catcaactgca taccaggatg gtcgttccaa aagttttcca
1401 ctggggactt gacatgttac ttcccccacc ctgggtcccc ctgcacaact
1451 gggccacaacg ggacacatgtt agaggaggctt caggattttt gtcaggatgt
15 1501 tccctcggtt gagaatgttgc gatctgttca tggtaaggctt ggtctggtg
1551 cacgalgggtt gcttggatgtt gatctgggtt ctggatgacaa gatctactgg
1601 tggatccctt gcttccggat ggtggaaatc accctgttcc cttcaaaacag
1651 tttttttttt gttttttttt gttttttttt gttttttttt gttttttttt
1701 aaccaggggat ttcgttccg ggttggatgggg ggcgttagctt ctatctcgcc
20 1751 caagggcac cacagtgccaa ttcaccagggtt tccaggatgtt ggggttggccg
1801 gcggtggcgc cacaggccatc cagccccatca ctccgcctct ccaggagat
1851 gatgtatgtt tcgcgttccctt gcttattccatc acaggatccccc ttgtggatgc
1901 cgtatattcac cgttgcgcacaatc gatgtttttt tggccctgggg gaatgttcaag
1951 aggttagaccc tggccacgttcc cccaccacatc acagaggaggcc tggccggctc
25 2001 gtggaaaaggcc accgggttccgc gtcgttccgtt gccaatgttcc accccgttcc
2051 gcccctatgtt gcttccatgtt acggccgtt gtcgggggttcc gtcctttagg
2101 tggccctggg cggaggccgc ggcggcccttccatgtt acggccgttcc gtcggccat
2151 cccggccggaa agcccaaccatc gaggccggccg gccaggccgttcc gggccggccg
2201 gtgtgtgtggg ggcggccatgtt ccggggggatc gaggccgttcc cccaaaggcc
30 2251 attTCGAGA TATCCATCAC ACTGGCGGCC GCTCGAGCAT GCATCTAGAG
2301 GGCCCAATTG GCCCTATAGT GAGTCGTATT ACAATTCACT GGCGCTCGTT
2351 TTACAACGTC GTGACTGGGA AAACCCCTGGC GTTACCCAAAC TTAATCGCCT
2401 TGCAGCACAT CCCCTTTCG CCAGCTGGCG TAATAGCGAA GAGGCCCGCA
2451 CCGATCGCCC TTCCCAACAG TTGCGCAGCC TGAATGGCGA ATGGGACGCG
35 2501 CCCTGTAGCG GCGCATTAAG CGCGGGGGGT GTGGTGGTTA CGCGCAGCGGT

2551 GACCGCTACA CTTGCCAGCG CCCTAGCGCC CGCTCCTTTC GCTTCTTCC
 2601 CTTCCCTTCT CGCCACGTT GCCTGGCTTC CCCGTCAAGC TCTAAATCGG
 2651 GGGCTCCCTT TAGGGTCCCG ATTAGAGCT TTACGGCACC TCGACCGCAA
 2701 AAAACTTGAT TTGGGTGATG GTTCACGTAG TGGGCCATCG CCCTGATAGA
 5 2751 CGGTTTTCG CCCTTGACG TTGGAGTCCA CGTTCTTAA TAGTGGACTC
 2801 TTGTTCCAAA CTGGAACAAC ACTCAACCT ATCGCGGTCT ATTCTTTGA
 2851 TTATAAGGG ATTTGCCGA TTCCGGCTA TTGGTTAAA AATGAGCTGA
 2901 TTTAACAAAT TCAGGGCGCA AGGGCTGCTA AAGGAACCGG AACACGTAGA
 2951 AAGCCAGTCC GCAGAAACGG TGCTGACCCC GGATGAATGT CAGCTACTGG
 10 3001 GCTATCTGGA CAAGGGAAAA CGAAGCGCA AAGAGAAAGC AGGTAGCTTG
 3051 CAGTGGGCTT ACATGGCGAT AGCTAGACTG GGCGGTTTA TGGACAGCAA
 3101 GCGAACCGGA ATTGCCAGCT GGGGCGCCCT CTGGTAAGGT TGGGAAGGCC
 3151 TGCAAAGTAA ACTGGATGGC TTCTTGCG CCAAGGATCT GATGGCGCAG
 3201 GGGATCAAGA TCTGATCAAG AGACAGGATG AGGATCGTTT CGCATGATTG
 15 3251 AACAAAGATGG ATTGACGCA GGTTCTCCGG CGCGTTGGGT GGAGAGGCTA
 3301 TTCCGGCTATG ACTGGGCACA ACAGACAATC GGCTGCTCTG ATGCCGCCGT
 3351 GTTCCGGCTG TCAGCGCAGG GGCGCCCGGT TCTTTTGTC AAGACCGACC
 3401 TGTCGGTGC CCTGAATGAA CTGCGAGGACG AGGCAGCGCG GCTATCGTGG
 3451 CTGGCACGCA CGGGCGTTCC TTGCGCGACT GTGCTCGACG TTGTCACTGA
 20 3501 AGCGGGAAAGG GACTGGCTGC TATTGGGCGA AGTGCCTGGGG CAGGATCTCC
 3551 TGTCACTCG CTTGCTCCT GCCGAGAAAG TATCCATCAT GGCTGATGCA
 3601 ATGCCGCCGC TGCACTACGCT TGATCCGGCT ACCTGCCCAT TCGACCACCA
 3651 AGCGAAACAT CGCATCGAGC GAGCACGTAC TCGGATGGAA GCCGGTCTTG
 3701 TCGATCAGGA TGATCTGGAC GAAGAGCATC AGGGGCTCGC GCCAGCCGAA
 25 3751 CTGTTCGCCA GGCTCAAGGC GCGCATGCC GACGGCGAGG ATCTCGTCTG
 3801 GATCCATGGC GATGCCCTGCT TGCGGAATAT CATGGTGGAA AATGGCCGCT
 3851 TTCTGGATT CAACGACTGT GGCGGGCTGG GTGTGGCGA CCGCTATCAG
 3901 GACATAGCGT TGGATAACCG TGATATTGCT GAAGAGCTTG GCGGCGAATG
 3951 GGCTGACCGC TTCCCTGTC TTTACGGTAT CGCCGCTCCC GATTGCGCAGC
 30 4001 GCATCGCCCTT CTATCGCCTT CTGACGAGT TCTTCTGAAT TGAAAAGGA
 4051 AGAGTATGAG TATTCAACAT TTCCGTGTCG CCCTTATTCC CTTTTTGCG
 4101 GCATTTGCGC TTCCCTGTTT TGCTCACCA GAAACGCTGG TGAAAGTAA
 4151 AGATGCTGAA GATCAGTTGG GTGCACGAGT GGGTACATC GAACTGGATC
 4201 TCAACAGCGG TAAGATCCTT GAGAGTTTC GCCCCGAAGA ACGTTTCCA
 35 4251 ATGATGAGCA CTTTAAAGT TCTGCTATGT CATAACTAT TATCCCGTAT

4301 TGACGCCGGG CAAGAGAAC TCGGTCGCCG GGCGCGGTAT TCTCAGAATG
 4351 ACTTGGTTGA GTACTCACCA GTCACAGAAA AGCATTTAC GGATGGCATG
 4401 ACAGTAAGAG ATTATGCAG TGCTGCCATA ACCATGAGTG ATAACACTGC
 4451 GGCCAACCTTA CTCTGACAA CGATCGGAGG ACCGAAGGAG CTAACCGCTT
 5 4501 TTTGCACAA CATGGGGGAT CATGTAACTC GCCTTGATCG TTGGGAACCG
 4551 GAGCTGAATG AAGCCATACC AAACGACGAG AGTGACACCA CGATGCCGT
 4601 AGCAATGCC ACAACGTTGC GCACAACTATT AACTGGCGAA CTACTTACTC
 4651 TAGCTTCCCG GCAACAAATTA ATAGACTGGA TGGAGGCGGA TAAAGTTGCA
 4701 GGACCACTTC TCGCCTCGGC CCTTCGGCCT GGCTGGTTA TTGCTGATAA
 10 4751 ATCTGGAGCC GGTGAGCGTG GGTCTCGCGG TATCATTGCA GCACGGGGC
 4801 CAGATGGTAA GCCCTCCGT ATCGTAGTTA TCTACACGAC GGGGAGTCAG
 4851 GCAACTATGG ATGAACGAA TAGACAGATC GCTGAGATAG GTGCCCTACT
 4901 GATTAAGCAT TGGTAACCTGT CAGACCAAGT TTACTCATAT ATACTTTAGA
 4951 TTGATTTAAA ACTTCATTT TAATTTAAA GGATCTAGGT GAAGATCCTT
 15 5001 TTGATAATC TCATGACCAA AATCCCTAA CGTAGGTTT CGTCCACTG
 5051 AGCGTCAGAC CCCGTAGAAA AGATCAAAGG ATCTTCTTG AATCCTTTTT
 5101 TTCTGCGCGT AATCTGCTGC TTGCAAACAA AAAAACCCACC GCTACCAGCG
 5151 GTGGTTTGTG TGCCGGATCA AGAGCTACCA ACTCTTTTC CGAAGGTAAC
 5201 TGGCTTCAGC AGAGCGCAGA TACCAAATAC TGTCCTCTA GTGTAGCCGT
 20 5251 AGTTAGGCC CCACCTCAAG AACTCTGTAG CACCGCCTAC ATACCTCGT
 5301 CTGCTAATCC TGTTACCAGT GGCTGCTGCC AGTGGCGATA AGTCGTGCT
 5351 TACCGGGTTG GACTCAAGAC GATAAGTACCG GGATAAGGCG CAGCGGGTCCG
 5401 GCTGAACGGG GGGTTCGTGC ACACAGCCCA GCTTGGAGCG AACGACCTAC
 5451 ACCGAACCTGA GATAACCTACA GCGTGAGCAT TGAGAAAGCG CCACGCTTCC
 25 5501 CGAAGGGAGA AAGCGGGACA GGTATCCGGT AAGCGGGCAGG GTCGGAAACAG
 5551 GAGAGCGCAC GAGGGAGCTT CCAGGGGGAA ACGCCTGGTA TCTTTATAGT
 5601 CCTGTCGGGT TTGCCCCACCT CTGACTTGAG CGTCGATTTT TGTGATGCTC
 5651 GTCAGGGGGGG CGGAGCCTAT GGAAAAACCG CAGCAACGCG GCCTTTTAC
 5701 GGTTCCCTGGC CTTTTGCTGG CCTTTGCTC ACATGTTCTT TCCCTGCGTTA
 30 5751 TCCCCTGATT CTGTGGATAA CCGTATTACC GCCTTTGAGT GAGCTGATAC
 5801 CGCTCGCCGC AGCGAACGA CGCAGCGCAG CGAGTCAGTG
 AGCGAGGAAG
 5851 CGGAAG

Table 8: Nucleotide sequence of the recombinant expression plasmid pCDNA3.1(-)H-SemA-L-MycHisA (SEQ ID NO.: 35)

1 GACGGATCGG GAGATCTCC GATCCCCTAT GGTGACTCT CAGTACAATC
5 51 TGCTCTGATG CCGCATAGTT AAGCCAGTAT CTGCTCCCTG CTTGTGTT
101 GGAGGTCGCT GAGTAGTCGG CGAGCAAAT TTAAGCTACA ACAAGGCAAG
151 GCTTGACCGA CAATTGACATG AAGAATCTGC TTAGGGTTAG GCGTTTGC
201 CTGCTTCGCG ATGTACGGGC CAGATATACG CGTTGACATT GATTATTGAC
251 TAGTTATTAA TAGTAATCAA TTACGGGGTC ATTAGTTCAT AGCCCATATA
301 TGGAGTCCG CGTTACATAA CTTACGGTAATGGCCCGCC TGGCTGACCG
351 CCCAACGACC CCCGCCATT GACGTCAATA ATGACGTATG TTCCCATAGT
401 AACGCCAATA GGGACTTTCC ATTGACGTCA ATGGGTGGAC TATTTACGGT
451 AAACTGCCA CTTGGCAGTA CATCAAGTGT ATCATATGCC AAGTACGCC
501 CCTATTGACG TCAATGACGG TAAATGGCCC GCCTGGCATT ATGCCAGTA
551 CATGACCTTA TGGGACTTTCTA CTTACGGTAATGGCCCGCC TGGCTGACCG
601 TCGCTATTAC CATGGTGATG CGGTTTGGC AGTACATCAA TTGGCTGGA
651 TAGCGGTTTG ACTCACGGGG ATTTCACAGT CTCCACCCCA TTGACGTCAA
701 TGGGAGTTTG TTTGGCACC AAAATCAACG GGACTTTCA AAATGTCGTA
751 ACAACTCCGC CCCATTGACG CAAATGGCCG GTAGGGCTG
20 ACGGTGGGAG
801 GTCTATATAA GCAGAGCTCT CTGGCTAACT AGAGAACCCA CTGCTTACTG
851 GCTTATCGAA ATTAATACGA CTCACTATAG GGAGAACCAA GCTGGCTAGC
901 GTTTAACCGG GCCCTCTAGA CTCGAGCGGC CGCCACTGTG CTGGATATCT
951 GCAAGatccg gcttggatg acggcccttc cggccggacg tgccggcc
25 1001 agcgcacccgc ggcggccggc cccctggccg cggccgttg tgccggcc
1051 gctcgccgtg cggtcgctgc tgctcgctg gggccggccg cccctggcc
1101 agggccacccat aaggagccgaa ccccgccatcg tgccgttg gaaaggccat
1151 tgatggcagg accgggttga ctggcccg actgagccgc acacgggtct
1201 ttccacagag ccaggcagct cctctgttg ggatggggaga ctggcaagg
30 1251 tttccatctt tgactccccc gagggcaaga acggccatcg tgccacggtg
1301 aataatggct ccacaaaagggtt gtcctgtcg gataaggggg actcgccgaa
1351 ctacatcact ctccggaga ggcggagtgaa gggccgttg gctctggca
1401 ccaacggccgc gcaaccccccacg tgctggaaacc tggtgaatgg cactgtgttg
1451 ccacatggccg agatggaggat cttacggccccc ttccacccatc cggaaacgg
35 1501 cttccatctt ttggatgggg accaacggatgaa ttccacccatc cggaaacgg

1551 aataacaatgg gaagatccct cggttccgcc gcatccgggg cgagagtgag
 1601 ctgtacacca gtgatactgt catcgacaac ccacagttca tcaaagccac
 1651 catcgacac caagaccagg cttacgatga caagatctac tactctcc
 1701 gagaggacaa tcctgacaag aatccgtagg ctccctcaa tggccctgt
 5 1751 gtggcccaagt tggcagggg ggaccagggt gggggaaagt cactgtcagt
 1801 ctccaaatgg aacactttc tgaaaggcat gctggatgc agtgatctg
 1851 ccaccaacaa gaaatcaac aggctcaag acgttccct gctccctgac
 1901 cccagggcc aatggaggga caccagggtc tatgggttt tcccaaccc
 1951 ctggaactac ttagccgtct gtgtgtattc ctcgggtac attgacaagg
 10 2001 tcttcgtatc ctccatctc aagggttacc actcaaggtt tccaaacccg
 2051 cggccgttca agtgccctcc agaccaggag ccgtatccca cagagaccc
 2101 ccagggtgtt gaccgttcc cagagggtgc gcaagggtgtt gggccatgg
 2151 ggcctgttca gacccatgt ttccactcta aataccacta ccagaaatgt
 2201 gccgttccacc gcatgtcaac cagccacggg gagacccatc atgtgttta
 15 2251 cctaaataca gacaggggca ctatccacaa ggtggggaa cggggggagc
 2301 aggagcacat cttcccttc aacatcatgg agatccagcc cttccggcc
 2351 ggggttccca tccagaccat gtctgttgc gtcgatgtt gaaatgttgc
 2401 tggatgttcc cagtgggggg tgaggccatgt gcccgttgc ctgtgttgg
 2451 tctatgggg ggggttccca ggttgccca tgccgttgc gcccgttgc
 20 2501 ggctggggacc agggccgttgc ctatccatc tacagcttgc aacgggtcgt
 2551 gctgtttccatc attaaatccatc ccggccatca caagggtgtt ccaacccca
 2601 aaccagacaa gggccatctg cagaagggtt ccctggccca aaactcttgc
 2651 tactacatgtt gtcgtttccatc ggaatccgc caccgttgc actcatggcg
 2701 ccacaaggag aacgtggagc agagctgtca acctgttgc cagagccca
 25 2751 actgtttccatc gttcatgttgc aacatccatc cgcgttgc cggccatcc
 2801 ttctgttgc cccaggagggtt ctccatctc cgcgttgc cgcgttgc
 2851 gtcgttgc gggatgttgc tcatggccca gcaccgttgc gtcgttgc
 2901 gtcgttgc tgccttc tggctgggg tggctggccatc actcttgc
 2951 gtcgttgc tccacgttgc gtcgttgc gtcgttgc gtcgttgc
 30 3001 AGAGGATCTG AATAGCGCCG TCGACCACATCA TCATCATCAT CATTGAGTTT
 3051 AAACCGCTGA TCAGCCTCGA CTGTCCTTC TAGTTGCCAG CCATCTGTTG
 3101 TTTGCCCTC CCCCCTGCTC TCCCTGACCC TGGAAAGGTGC CACTCCACT
 3151 GTCTTTCTC AATAAAATGA GGAAATTGCA TCGCATTGTC TGAGTAGGTG
 3201 TCATTCTATT CTGGGGGGTG GGGTGGGGCA GGACAGCAAG GGGGAGGATT
 35 3251 GGGAAAGACAA TAGCAGGCAT GCTGGGGATG CGGTGGGCTC TATGGCTCT

3301 GAGGCGGAAA GAACCAGCTG GGGCTCTAGG GGGTATCCCC ACGCCCTG
 3351 TAGCGGCGCA TTAAGCGCGG CGGGTGTGGT GGTTACGCAC AGCGTGACCG
 3401 CTACACTTGC CAGCGCCCTA GCGCCCGCTC CTTCGCTTT CTCCCTTCC
 3451 TTTCGCGCA CGTCGCGGG CTTCGGCGT CAAGCTCTAA ATCGGGGCAT
 5 3501 CCCTTTAGGG TTCCGATTTA GTGCTTACG GCACCTCGAC CCCAAAAAAC
 3551 TTGATTAGGG TGATGGTTCA CGTAGTGGGC CATGCCCTG ATAGACGGT
 3601 TTTCGCCCC TGACGTTGGA GTCCACGTC TTTAATAGTG GACTCTTGT
 3651 CCAAACCTGGA ACAACACTCA ACCCTATCTC GGTCTATTCT TTTGATTTAT
 3701 AAGGGATTT GGGGATTTCG GCCTATTGGT TAAAAAAATGA GCTGATTTAA
 10 3751 CAAAAATTAA AC CGCAATTAA ATTCTGTGGA ATGTGTGTCA GTTAGGGTGT
 3801 GGAAAGTCCC CAGGCTCCCC AGGCAGGAG AAGTATGCAA AGCATGCACT
 3851 TCAATTAGTC AGCAACCCAGG TGTGGAAAGT CCCCAGGCTC CCCAGCAGGC
 3901 AGAAGTATGC AAAGCATGCA TCTCAATTAG TCAGCAACCA TAGTCCCAGC
 3951 CCTAACTCCG CCCATCCGC CCCTAACTCC GCCCAGTCC GCCCATTCTC
 15 4001 CGCCCCATGG CTGACTAATT TTTTTTATTG ATGCAGAGGC CGAGGCCGCG
 4051 TCTGCCTCTG AGCTATTCCA AAAGTAGTGA GGAGGCTTT TTGGAGGCCT
 4101 AGGCTTTTGCA AAAAGCTCC CGGGAGCTTG TATATCCATT TTCGGATCTG
 4151 ATCAAGAGAC AGGATGAGGA TCGTTTCGCA TGATTGAACA AGATGGATTG
 4201 CACGCAGGGT CTCCGGCCGC TTGGTGGAG AGGCTATTG GCTATGACTG
 20 4251 GGCACAACAG ACAATCGGCT GCTCTGATGC CGCCGTGTT CGGCTGTCAG
 4301 CGCAGGGGCG CCCGGTTCTT TTTGTCAAGA CGCACCTGTC CGGTGCCCTG
 4351 AATGAACTGC AGGACGAGGC AGCGCGGCTA TCGTGGCTGG CCACGACGGG
 4401 CGTTCTTGC CGAGCTGTGC TCGACGTTGT CACTGAAGCG GGAAGGGACT
 4451 GGCTGCTATT GGGCGAAGTG CGGGGGCAGG ATCTCCTGTC ATCTCACCTT
 25 4501 GCTCCTGCC AGAAAAGTATC CATCATGGCT GATGCAATGC GGCGGCTGCA
 4551 TACGCTTGAT CGCGCTACCT GCCCATTGCA CCACCAAGCG AAACATCGCA
 4601 TCGAGCGAGC ACGTACTCGG ATGGAAGCCG GTCTTGTGCA TCAGGATGAT
 4651 CTGGACGAAG AGCATCAGGG GCTCGCGCCA GCGAACTGT TCGCCAGGCT
 4701 CAAGGCGCGC ATGCCCGACG GCGAGGATCT CGTCGTGACC CATGGCGATG
 30 4751 CCTGCTTGCA GAATATCATG GTGGAAAATG GCCGCTTTT TGGATTCATC
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 4851 TACCCGTGAT ATTGCTGAAG AGCTTGGCGG CGAATGGGCT GACCGCTTCC
 4901 TCGTGTCTTA CGGTATCGCC GCTCCCGATT CGCAGCGCAT CGCCTTCTAT
 4951 CGCCTTCTTG ACGAGTCTT CTGAGCGGGG CTCTGGGGT CGAAATGACCG
 35 5001 GACCAAGCGA CGCCCAACCT GCCATCACGA GATTCGATT CCACCGCCGC

5051 CTTCTATGAA AGGTTGGGCT TCGGAATCGT TTTCCGGGAC GCGGGCTGGA
 5101 TGATCCTCCA GCGCGGGGAT CTCATGCTGG AGTTCTTCG CCAACCCAAAC
 5151 TTGTTTATTG CAGCTTATAA TGGTTACAAA TAAAGCAATA GCATCACAAA
 5201 TTTCACAAAT AAAGCATTTC TTTCACTGCA TTCTAGTTGT GGTTTGTCCA
 5 5251 AACTCATCAA TGTATCTTAT CATGCTGTAC TACCGTCGAC CTCTAGCTAG
 5301 AGCTTGGCGT AATCATGGTC ATAGCTGTT CCTGTGTGAA ATTGTTATCC
 5351 GCTCACAAATT CCACACAAACA TAGCAGGCCG AAGCATAAAAG TGAAAGCCT
 5401 GGGGTGCTA ATGAGTGAGC TAACTCACAT TAATTGCGTT GCGCTCACTG
 5451 CCCGCTTCC AGTCGGGAAA CCTGTCGTGC CAGCTGCATT AATGAATCGG
 10 5501 CCAACGCGCG GGGAGAGGGCG GTTTGCGTAT TGGGCGCTCT TCCGCTTCC
 5551 CGCTCACTGA CTCGCTGCGC TCGGTCGTT CGCTGCGCG AGCGGTATCA
 5601 GCTCACTCAA AGGCGGTAAT ACGGTTATCC ACAGAATCAG GGGATAACGC
 5651 AGGAAAGAAC ATGTGAGCAA AAGGCCAGCA AAAGGCCAGG AACCGTAAAA
 5701 AGGCGCGTT GCTGGCGTTT TTCCATAGGC TCCGCCCGCC TGACGAGCAT
 15 5751 CACAAAAATC GACGCTCAAG TCAGAGGTGG CGAAACCCGA CAGGACTATA
 5801 AAGATACCAAG GCGTTTCCCC CTGGAAGCTC CCTCGTGC CGC TCTCCTGTT
 5851 CGACCCCTGCC GCTTACCGGA TACCTGTCGG CCTTTCTCCC TTGGGGAAAGC
 5901 GTGGCGCTTT CTCAATGCTC ACGCTGTAGG TATCTCAGTT CGGTGTAGGT
 5951 CGTTCGCTCC AAGCTGGGCT GTGTGCACGA ACCCCCCGTT CAGCCCGACCC
 20 6001 GCTGCGCTT ATCCGGTAAC TATCGTCTTG AGTCCAACCC GGTAAGACAC
 6051 GACTTATCGC CACTGGCAGC AGCCACTGGT AACAGGATTAA GCAGAGCGAG
 6101 GTATGTAGGC GGTGCTACAG AGTTCTTGAA GTGGTGGCCT AACTACGGCT
 6151 ACACATAGAAC GACAGTATTG GGTATCTCGC CTCTGCTGAA GCCAGTACCC
 6201 TTGGGAAAAA GAGTTGGTAG CTCTTGATCC GGCAAAACAAA CCACCGCTGG
 25 6251 TAGCGGTGGT TTTTTGTTT GCAAGCAGCA GATTACGCGC AGAAAAAAAG
 6301 GATCTCAAGA AGATCCTTTG ATCTTTCTA CGGGGTCTGA CGCTCAGTGG
 6351 AACGAAAAACT CACGTTAAGG GATTTGGTC ATGAGATTAT CAAAAAGGAT
 6401 CTTCACCTAG ATCCTTTAA ATTAAAAATG AAGTTTTAA TCAATCTAAA
 6451 GTATATATGA GTAAACTTGG TCTGACAGTT ACCAATGCTT AATCAGTGA
 30 6501 GCACCTATCT CAGCGATCTG TCTATTCGT TCATCCATAG TTGCGCTGACT
 6551 CCCCCGCGTG TAGATAACTA CGATAACGGGA GGGCTTACCA TCTGGCCCCA
 6601 GTGCTGCAAT GATACCGCGA GACCCACGCT CACCGGCTCC AGATTTATCA
 6651 GCAATAAACC AGCCAGGCCG AAGGGCCGAG CGCAGAAGTG GTCCTGCAAC
 6701 TTATCCGCC TCCATCCAGT CTATTAATTG TTGCGGGAA GCTAGAGTAA
 35 6751 GTAGTTCGCC AGTTAATAGT TTGCGCAACG TTGTTGCCAT TGCTACAGGC

6801 ATCGTGGTGT CACGCTCGTC GTTGGTATG GCTTCATTCA GCTCCGGTTC
 6851 CCAACGATCA AGGCGAGTTA CATGATCCCC CATGTTGTGC AAAAAAGCGG
 6901 TTAGCTCCTT CGGCTCCTCCG ATCGTTGTCA GAAGTAAGTT GGCCGCAGTG
 6951 TTATCACTCA TGTTATGGC AGCACTGCAT AATTCTCTTA CTGTCATGCC
 5 7001 ATCCGTAAGA TGCTTTCTG TGACTGGTGA GTACTCAACC AAGTCATTCT
 7051 GAGAATAGTG TATGCGGCAGA CCGAGTTGCT CTTGCCCCGGC GTCAATACGG
 7101 GATAATACCG CGCCACATAG CAGAACTTTA AAAGTGCTCA TCATTGGAAA
 7151 ACGTTCTCG GGGCGAAAAC TCTCAAGGAT CTTACCGCTG TTGAGATCCA
 7201 GTTCGATGTA ACCCACTCGT GCACCCAACT GATCTTCAGC ATCTTTACT
 10 7251 TTCACCAAGCG TTCTGGGTG AGCAAAAACA GGAAGGCAAATGCCGCAA
 7301 AAAGGGATA AGGGCGACAC GGAAATGTTG AATACTCATA CTCTTCCTT
 7351 TTCAATATTA TTGAAGCATT TATCAGGGTT ATTGTCAT GAGCGGATAC
 7401 ATATTGAAAT GTATTAGAA AAATAAACAA ATAGGGTTTC CGCGCACATT
 7451 TCCCCGAAAATGCGCACCTG ACGTC
 15

Table 9: Nucleotide sequence of the recombinant plasmid pcDNA3.1-H-SemaL-EGFP-MychisA (SEQ ID NO.: 36)

1 1 GACGGATCGG GAGATCTCCC GATCCCTAT GGTCGACTCT CAGTACAATC
 20 51 TGCTCTGATG CCGCATAGTT AAGCCAGTAT CTGCTCCCTG CTTGTGTGTT
 101 GGAGGTCGCT GAGTAGTGCG CGAGCAAAAT TTAAGCTACA ACAAGGCAAG
 151 GCTTGACCGA CAATTGCGATG AAGAATCTGC TTAGGGTTAG GCGTTTGCG
 201 CTGCTTCGCG ATGTACGGGC CAGATATACG CGTTGACATT GATTATTGAC
 251 TAGTTATTAA TAGTAATCAA TTACGGGGTC ATTAGTTCAT AGCCCATATA
 301 TGGAGTTCCG CGTTACATAA CTTACGGTAA ATGGCCGCC TGGCTGACCG
 351 CCCAACGACC CCCGCCATT GACGTCATAA ATGACGTATG TTCCCATAGT
 401 AACGCAATA GGGACTTCC ATTGACGTCA ATGGGTGGAC TATTTACGGT
 451 AACTGCCCA CTTGGCAGTA CATCAAGTGT ATCATATGCC AAGTACGCC
 501 CCTATTGACG TCAATGACGG TAAATGGCC GCCTGGCATT ATGCCAGTA
 30 551 CATGACCTTA TGGGACTTTC CTACTTGGCA GTACATCTAC GTATTAGTCA
 601 TCGCTATTAC CATGGTGTG CGGTTGGC AGTACATCAA TGGGCGTGG
 651 TAGCGGTTTG ACTCACGGGG ATTTCAGT CTCCACCCCA TTGACGTCAA
 701 TGGGAGTTTG TTTGGCACC AAAATCAACG GGACTTCCA AAATGTCGTA
 751 ACAACTCCGC CCCATTGACG CAAATGGCG GTAGGCGTGT ACGGTGGGAG
 35 801 GTCTATATAA GCAGAGCTCT CTGGCTAACT AGAGAACCA CTGCTTACTG

851 GCTTATCGAA ATTAATACGA CTCACTATAG GGAGACCCAA GCTGGCTAGC
 901 GTTTAACGG GCCCTCTAGA CTCGAGCGGC CGCCACTGTG CTGGATATCT
 951 GCAAgattcg gcttggatg agcgcctc cgcggggacg tgccgcccc
 1001 agcgcaccgc gcgcggcggt ccttggcccg cggcgatgt tggggttcc
 5 1051 gctcggtcg cggtcgltc tgctgtcg ggccggccgc gctccgccc
 1101 agggccacct aaggagcgga cccgcacatc tgccgtcgta gaaaggccat
 1151 gtggggcagg accgggttga ctggccgcg actgagccgc acacgggtgt
 1201 ttccacagag ccaggcagat cctctgttg ggtggggaggat cgttgcagg
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 10 1301 aatatcggtt ccacaaagggtt gtcgtcgta gataaggcggtt actgcggaaa
 1351 ctacatcaact ctccatggaga ggcgggtgtt ggggtcgatg gctgtggca
 1401 ccaaccccg gcaccccgcc gctggaaacc tggtaatgg cactgtggtg
 1451 ccacttggcg agatgagagg ctacgcccccc ttccagccgg acgagaactc
 1501 cctgggtcgat ttggaaagggg acgggtgtt ttccaccatc cggaaaggcagg
 15 1551 aatacaatgg gaagatccctt cgggtccggcc gcatccgggg cgagagtgt
 1601 ctgtacacca gtgatactgtt catgcagaaac ccacagtca tcaaaggccac
 1651 catcggtcac caagaccagg cttagatgtt caagatctac tactttcc
 1701 gagaggacaa ttctgacaagaa attcctgggg ctcttcataa tggtcccgat
 1751 gtggcccgatgttgcgggggg ggaccagggtt gggggaaagtgtt cactgtcgat
 20 1801 ctccaaatgg aacacttttc tgaaaggccat gctggatgtc agtgtatgt
 1851 cccaccaacaa gaactcaac aggctcaag acgttcttgc gctccctgac
 1901 cccagccggcc agtggaggga caccagggtt tattgggtt tctccaaaccc
 1951 ctggaaactac tccgggttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgtt
 2001 tctccgtatc ctccatcaact aagggttacc acatcaaggtt tcccaaccc
 25 2051 cggccgtggca agtgcgtcccc agaccaggatcc cccatccca cagagaccc
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 2201 ggcggctgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgtt
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 30 2301 aggagcacatc cttccgttcc aacatcgatgg agatccatccgc cttccgttcc
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 35 2551 gtcgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgttgcgtt

2601 aaccagacaa ggccccactg cagaagggtt ccctggcccc aaactctcg
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 2701 cacaaggag aacgtggagg agagctgca acgtggtac cagagcccc
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 5 2801 ttctcgagg cccaggagggtt ctctacttc cggcagggtc agcactggca
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 2901 gtgcctggc tgcccttc tggctgggg tggctggccac actactt
 2951 ggctgtcgcc tccacATGGT GAGCAAGGGC GAGGAGCTGT TCACCGGGGT
 3001 GGTGCCCATC CTGGTCGAGC TGGACGGCGA CGTAAACGGC CACAAGTTCA
 10 3051 GCGTGTCCGG CGAGGGCGAG GGCGATGCCA CCTACGGCAA
 GCTGACCCCTG
 3101 AAGTTCATCT GCACCCACCGG CAAGCTGCC GTGCCCTGGC CCACCCCTCGT
 3151 GACCACCCCTG ACCTACGGCG TGCACTGCTT CAGCCGCTAC CCCGACCA
 3201 TGAAGCAGCA CGACTTCTTC AAGTCCGCCA TGCCCGAAGG CTACGTCCAG
 15 3251 GAGCGCACCA TCTTCTCAA GGACGACGGC AACTACAAGA CCCGCGCCGA
 3301 GGTGAAGTTC GAGGGCGACA CCCTGGTGAAC CGGCATCGAG CTGAAGGGCA
 3351 TCGACTTCAA GGAGGACGGC AACATCCTGG GGCACAAGCT GGAGTACAAAC
 3401 TACAACAGCC ACAACGTCTA TATCATGGCC GACAAGCAGA AGAACGGCAT
 3451 CAAGGTGAAC TTCAAGATCC GCCACAAACAT CGAGGACGGC AGCGTGCAGC
 20 3501 TCGCCGACCA CTACCAGCG AACACCCCCA TCGCGACGG CCCCGTGCCTG
 3551 CTGCCCAGCA ACCACTACCT GAGCACCCAG TCCGCCCTGA GCAAAGACCC
 3601 CAACGAGAAG CGCGATCACA TGGTCTCGT GGAGTTCGTG ACCGCCGGCG
 3651 GGATCACTCT CGGCATGGAC GAGCTGTACA Aggtgaagct tGGGCCCCGAA
 3701 CAAAAACTCA TCTCAGAAGA GGATCTGAAT AGCGCCGTG ACCATCATCA
 25 3751 TCATCATCAT TGAGTTAAACCGCTGATCA GCCTCGACTG TGCCCTCTAG
 3801 TTGCCAGGCCA TCTGTTGTTT GCCCCCTCCCC CGTGCCTTC TTGACCCCTGG
 3851 AAGGTGCCAC TCCCACTGTC CTTCCTAAAT AAAATGAGGA AATTGCTCG
 3901 CATTGTCTGA TTAGGTGTCA TTCTATTCTG GGGGGTGGGG TGGGGCAGGA
 3951 CAGCAAGGGGG GAGGATTGGG AAGACAATAG CAGGCATGCT GGGGATGGCG
 30 4001 TGGGCTCTAT GGCTTCTGAG GCGGGAAAAGA CCAGCTGGGG CTCTAGGGGG
 4051 TATCCCCACG CGCCCTGTAG CGGCGCATTA AGCGCGGGCGG GTGTGGTGGT
 4101 TACGCGCAGC GTGACCGCTA CACTTGCCAG CGCCCTAGCG CCCGCTCCTT
 4151 TCGCTTCTT CCCTCCCTT CTGCCCCGT CGGCCACGT TCGCCGGCTT TCCCCGTCAA
 4201 GCTCTAAATC GGGGCATCCC TTAGGGTTC CGATTTAGTG CTTTACGGCA
 35 4251 CCTCGACCCCA AAAAAGCTG ATTAGGGTGA TGTTTACGT AGTGGGCCAT

4301 CGCCCTGATA GACGGTTTT CGCCCTTGA CGTTGGAGTC CACGTTCTT
 4351 AATAGTGGAC TCTTGTCCA AACTGGAACA ACACCTAACCTATCTCGGT
 4401 CTATCTTT GATTATAAG GGATTTGGG GATTCGGCC TATGGTAA
 4451 AAAATGAGCT GATTTAACAA AAATTTAACG CGAATTAATT CTGTGGAATG
 5 4501 TGTGTCAGTT AGGGTGTGGA AAGTCCCCAG GCTCCCCAGG CAGGCAGAAG
 4551 TATGCAAAGC ATGCATCTCA ATTAGTCAGC ACCAGGTGT GGAAAGTCCC
 4601 CAGGCTCCCC AGCAGGCAGA AGTATGCAA GCATGCATCT CAATTAGTCA
 4651 GCAACCATAG TCCCGCCCC ACTCCGCC ATCCCGCCCC TAACTCCGCC
 4701 CAGTTCCGCC CATTCTCCGC CCCATGGCTG ACTAATTTT TTTATTTATG
 10 4751 CAGAGGCCGA GGCCGCCCTCT GCCTCTGAGC TATTCCAGAA GTAGTGAGGA
 4801 GGCTTTTG GAGGCCTAGG CTTTGCAAA AAGCTCCCGG GAGCTTGAT
 4851 ATCCATTTTC GGATCTGATC AAGAGACAGG ATGAGGATCG TTTCGCATGA
 4901 TTGAACAAGA TGAGATTGCAC GCAGGTTCTC CGGCCGCTTG GGTGGAGAGG
 4951 CTATTCGGCT ATGACTGGGC ACAACAGACA ATCGGCTGCT CTGATGCC
 15 5001 CGTGTCCGG CTGTCAAGCAGCAGGGCGCC GGTTCTTTT GTCAAGACCG
 5051 ACCTGTCCGG TGCCCTGAAT GAACTCAGG ACGAGGCAGC GCGGCTATCG
 5101 TTGCTGGCCA CGACGGGCGT CCCTTGCAGCA GCTGTGCTG ACCTTGTCAC
 5151 TGAAGCGGGA AGGGACTGGC TGCTATTGGG CGAAGTGCCG GGGCAGGATC
 5201 TCCGTGATC TCACCTTGCT CTCGCCAGA AAGTATCCAT CATGGCTGAT
 20 5251 GCAATGCCG GCCTGCATAC GCTTGATCCG GCTACCTGCC CATTGACCA
 5301 CCAAGCGAAA CATCGCATCG AGCGAGCAGC TACTCGGATG GAAGCCGGTC
 5351 TTGTCGATCA GGATGATCTG GACGAAGAGC ATCAGGGCT CGCGGCCAGCC
 5401 GAACTGTTCG CCAGGCTCAA GGCGCGCATG CCCGACGGGAGGATCTCGT
 5451 CGTGACCCAT GGCGATGCC GCTTGCCGAA TATCATGGTG GAAAATGGCC
 25 5501 GCTTTCTGG ATTCACTCGC TGTGGCCGGC TGGGTGTGGC GGACCGCTAT
 5551 CAGGACATAG CGTTGGCTAC CCGTGATATT GCTGAAGAGC TTGGCCGGCA
 5601 ATGGGCTGAC CGCTTCCTCG TGCTTACGG TATCGCCGCT CCCGATTCCG
 5651 AGCGCATCGC CTTCTATCGC CTCTTGACG AGTTCTTCTG AGCGGGACTC
 5701 TGGGGTTCGA ATGACCGAC CAAGCGACGC CCAACCTGCC ATCACGAGAT
 30 5751 TTCGATTCCA CCGCCGCCCTT CTATGAAAGG TTGGGCTTCG GAATCGTTT
 5801 CCGGGACGCC GGCTGGATGA TCCTCCAGCG CGGGGATCTC ATGCTGGAGT
 5851 TCTTCGCCCA CCCAACCTG TTATTCGAG CTTATAATGG TTACAAATAA
 5901 AGCAATAGCA TCACAAATT CACAATAAA GCATTTTTT CACTGCATTC
 5951 TAGTTGTGGT TTGTCACAAAC TCATCAATGT ATCTTATCAT GTCTGTATAC
 35 6001 CGTCGACCTC TAGCTAGAGC TTGGCGTAAT CATGGTCATA GCTGTTCC

6051 GTGTGAAATT GTTATCCGCT CACAATTCCA CACAACATAC GAGCCGGAAG
6101 CATAAAAGTGT AAAGCCTGGG GTGCCATAATG AGTGAGCTAA CTCACATTAA
6151 TTGCGTTGCG CTCACTGCCC GCTTTCCAGT CGGGAAACCT GTCGTGCCAG
6201 CTGCATTAAT GAATCGGCCA ACGCCGCGGGG AGAGGCGGTT TGCGTATTGG
5 6251 GCGCTCTTCC GCTTCTTCGC TCAC TGACTC GCTGCGCTCG GTCGTTGCC
6301 TGCGCGAGC GGTATCAGCT CACTCAAAGG CGGTAAATACG GTTATCCACA
6351 GAATCAGGGG ATAACGCAGG AAAGAACATG TGAGCAAAAG GCCAGCAAA
6401 GGCCAGGAAC CGTAAAAGG CGCGTGTGCT GGCGTTTTTC CATAGGCTCC
6451 GCCCCCTGA CGAGCATCAC AAAATCGAC GCTCAAGTCA GAGGTGGCGA
10 6501 AACCCGACAG GACTATAAAG ATACCAGCG TTTCCCCCTG GAAGCTCCCT
6551 CGTGCCTCT CCGTCCGCA CCCTGCCGCT TACCGGATAC CTGTCCGCC
6601 TTCTCCCTC GGGAAAGCTG GCGCTTCTC AATGCTCACG CTGTAGGTAT
6651 CTCAGTTCGG TGTAGGTCGT TCGCTCCAAG CTGGGCTGTG TGACAGAAC
6701 CCCCGTTCAAG CCCGACCGCT GCGCCTTATC CGGTAACTAT CGTCTTGAGT
15 6751 CCAACCCGGT AAGACACGAC TTATGCCAC TGGCAGCAGC CACTGGTAAC
6801 AGGATTAGCA GAGCGAGGTA TGTAGGCGGT GCTACAGAGT TCTTGAAGTG
6851 GTGGCCTAAC TACGGCTACA CTAGAAGGAC AGTATTTGGT ATCTCGCCTC
6901 TGCTGAAGCC AGTTACCTTC GGAAAAGAG TTGGTAGCTC TTGATCCGGC
6951 AAACAAACCA CCGCTGGTAG CGGTGGTTT TTTGTTGCA AGCAGCAGAT
20 7001 TACCGCGAGA AAAAAGGAT CTAAAGAAGA TCCCTTGATC TTTTCTACGG
7051 GGTCTGACGC TCAGTGGAAAC GAAAACATCAC GTTAAGGGAT TTTGGTCATG
7101 AGATTATCAA AAAGGATCTT CACCTAGATC CTTTTAAATT AAAATGAAG
7151 TTTTAAATCA ATCTAAAGTA TATATGAGTA AACTGGTCT GACAGTTACC
7201 AATGCTTAAT CAGTGAGGCA CCTATCTAG CGATCTGTCT ATTTCGTCTA
25 7251 TCCATAGTTG CCTGACTCCC CGTGTGTAG ATAACATACGA TACGGGAGGG
7301 CTTACCATCT GGCCCCAGTG CTGCAATGAT ACCGCGAGAC CCACGCTCAC
7351 CGGCTCCAGA TTTATCAGCA ATAACACCAGC CAGCCGGAAAG GGCGGAGCGC
7401 AGAAGTGGTC CTGCAACTTT ATCCGCTCC ATCCAGTCTA TTAATTGTTG
7451 CGGGGAAGCT AGAGTAAGTA GTTCGCCAGT TAATAGTTG CGCAACGTTG
30 7501 TTGCCATTGC TACAGGCATC GTGGTGTAC GCTCGTCGTT TGGTATGGCT
7551 TCATTCAGCT CGGGTCCCCA ACGATCAAGG CGAGTTACAT GATCCCCAT
7601 GTTGTGCAAA AAAGCGGTTA GCTCCTTCGG TCCCTCGATC GTTGTCAAGA
7651 GTAAGTTGGC CGCAGTGTAA TCACTCATGG TTATGGCAGC ACTGCATAAT
7701 TCTCTTACTG TCATGCCATC CGTAAGATGC TTTCTGTGA CTGGTGAGTA
35 7751 CTCAACCAAG TCATTCTGAG AATAGTGTAT CGGGCGACCG AGTTGCTCTT

7801 GCCCGGCGTC AATACGGGAT AATACCGCGC CACATAGCAG AACTTTAAA
7851 GTGCTCATCA TTGGAAAACG TTCTTCGGGG CGAAAACCTCT CAAGGATCTT
7901 ACCGCTGTT AGATCCAGTT CGATGTAACC CACTCGTGCA CCCAACTGAT
7951 CTTCAGCATC TTTTACTTTT ACCAGCGTTT CTGGGTGAGC AAAAACAGGA
5 8001 AGGCAAAATG CCGCAAAAAA GGGATAAGG GCGACACGGA AATGTTGAAT
8051 ACTCTACTC TTCCCTTTTC AATATTATTG AAGCATTAT CAGGGTTATT
8101 GTCTCATGAG CGGATACATA TTTGAATGTA TTTAGAAAAA TAAACAAATA
8151 GGGGTTCCGC GCACATTCC CCGAAAAGTG CCACCTGACG TC

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Table10: Nucleotide sequence of the recombinant plasmid pIND-H-SemaL-EE (SEQ ID NO.:37)

1 AGATCTCGGC CGCATATTAA GTGCATTGTT CTCGATACCG CTAAGTGCAT
 5 51 TGTCTCGTT AGCTCGATGG ACAAGTGCAT TGTCTCTTG CTGAAAGCTC
 101 GATGGACAAG TGCAATTGTTCTCTTGCTGAAAGCTCGATGG ACAAGTGCAT
 151 TGTCTCTTG CTGAAAGCTC AGTACCCGGG AGTACCCCTCG ACCGCCGGAG
 201 TATAAATAGA GGCCTCTCGT CTACGGAGCG ACAATTCAAT TCAAACAAGC
 251 AAAGTGAACA CGTCGCTAAAG CGAAAGCTAA GCAAATAAAC AAGCGCAGCT
 10 301 GAACAAGCTA ACAATCTGC AGTAAAGTGC AAGTTAAAGT GAATCAATTAA
 351 AAAGTAACCA GCAACCAAGT AAATCAACTG CAACTACTGA AATCTGCCAA
 401 GAAGTAATT TTGAATACAA GAAGAGAACT CTGAATACCT TCAACAAGTT
 451 ACCGAGAAAG AAGAACTCAC ACACAGCTAG CGTTTAAACT TAAGCTTGGG
 501 ACCGAGCTCG GATCCACTAG TCCAGTGTGG TGgaattcgg ctggggatga
 15 551 cgccctccgccggacgt gcccggccca gggccggccg cggccggccgc
 601 cctggcccgccggctgggtt gggggctccg ctggggctgc ggctgtct
 651 gctgtctgg gggccggccg cctccggccca gggccggccacta aggagccggac
 701 cccgcattt cggccgtctgg aaaggccatg tagggccagga cccgggtggac
 751 ttggccaga ctgagccgca cacgggtgtt ttccacggac caggcagtc
 20 801 ctctgtgtgg gtggggggac gtggcaagggtt ctaccccttt gactttcccg
 851 agggcaagaa cgcacgtgtg cgcacggta atatccggc cacaagggg
 901 tcctgtctgg ataaaggccggta ctggcggaaac tacatccatc tcctggagag
 951 gccggatgtgg gggctgtgg ctgtgtggcac caacggccgg caccggcgg
 1001 gctggaaacct ggtgtgtgtgc actgtgtgtc cactggccga gtgggggg
 25 1051 tacggccctt ctagccggca cgaaactcc ctgggtctgt ttgggggg
 1101 cgagggtat tccacccatcc ggaaggccggaa atacaatggg aagatccct
 1151 ggttccggcc catccggggc gaggtggac tggatccggc tgatactgtc
 1201 atgcagaacc cacagtcatc caaaaggccacc atcgtgcacc aagaccggc
 1251 ttacatgtac aagatctact atcttccgg agaggccaaat cttggccaa
 30 1301 atccgtggc tccatcaat gtgtccgggt tgccggcggatgtt ggccgggg
 1351 gaccgggtg gggaaagggtc actgtgtgtc tccaaagggtt aacttttct
 1401 gaaaaggccatg ctggatgtca gtgtgtgtc caccacaaag aactcaaca
 1451 gggtgtcaaga cgtgtgtgtcc cttccgtggcc cccggggccca gtgggggg
 1501 accagggtct atgggtgtt ctccaaaccccttggaaactact cagccgtctg
 35 1551 tgtgtattcc ctgggtgacca ttgacaagggtt cttccgttacc tccatca

1601 aggcttacca ctcaaggctt cccaaacccgc ggcctggcaa gtgcctcca
 1651 gaccagcgc cgataccac agagaccctc caggtggctg acggtcaccc
 1701 agaggtggcg cagagggtgg agccatggg gcctctgaag acggccatgt
 1751 tccactctaa ataccactac cagaaggatgg ccgttcacccg catgcaagcc
 5 1801 agccacgggg agacccatca tgcgttac ctaactacag acagggcac
 1851 tatccacaag gtggtggaaac cgggggagca ggagcacagc ttgcctca
 1901 acatcatgga gatccagcc ttccgcgcg cggctgccc ccagaccatg
 1951 tgcgtggatg ctgagcggagaa gaagctgtat gtgagctccc atgggggat
 2001 gagccaggatgg cccctggacc tgcgtggatgt ctatggggg ggcgtccac
 10 2051 gttgcctcat gtccggagac ccctactcg gctggggacca gggccgcgc
 2101 atctccatct acagctccga acggctcgatg ctgcaatcca ttaatccagc
 2151 cgagccacac aaggaggtgc ccaaccccaa accagacaag gccccactgc
 2201 agaagggttc cttggcccca aactctgcgt actacccgtag ctgccccatg
 2251 gaatccggcc acggccatca ctcaatggcg cacaaggaga acgtggagca
 15 2301 gaggtgcgaa cttggtcacc agagcccaa ctgcattcg ttcattcgaga
 2351 accttcacggc cgacgcgtac ggccactact ttcgcggggcc ccaggaggcc
 2401 tcctacttcc gcggaggctca gcactggcg ctgcgtcccg aggacggcat
 2451 catggccgg caccctgtgg gtcatggcg tgcctcggt ctccctct
 2501 ggctgggggt gtcgtccaca ctcaactgtg gtcgtgggt ccacgtgaag
 20 2551 cttGGGCCCCG TTTAAACCCG CTGATCAGCC TCGACTGTGC CTTCTAGTTG
 2601 CCAGGCATCT GTTGTGTTGCC CCTCCCCCGT GCCTTCCTTG ACCCTGGAAAG
 2651 GTGCCACTCC CACTGTCTT CCCTAAATAAA ATGAGGAAAT TGCACTCGCAT
 2701 TGTCAGTGA GTTGTCAATTCT TATTCTGGGG GGTGGGGTGG GGCAGGACAG
 2751 CAAGGGGGAG GATTGGGAAG ACAATAGCG GCATGCTGGG GATGCGGTGG
 25 2801 GCTCTATGGC TTCTGAGGCG GAAAGAACCA GCTGGGGCTC TAGGGGGTAT
 2851 CCCCACGCGC CCTGTAGCGG CGCATTAAAGC GCGGGGGGTG TTGGTGGTTAC
 2901 GCGCAGCGTG ACCGCTACAC TTGCCAGCGC CCTAGCGCCC GCTCCTTTC
 2951 CTTCTTCCC TTCCCTTCTC GCCACGTTCG CGGGCTTCC CCGTCAAGCT
 3001 CTTAAATCGGG GCATCCCTT AGGGTTCCGA TTAGTGCTT TACGGCACCT
 30 3051 CGACCCCCAAA AAACCTTGATT AGGGTGATGG TTCACGTAGT GGGCCATCGC
 3101 CCTGTAGAC GGTTTTTCGC CCTTGACGT TGGAGTCCAC GTTCTTTAAT
 3151 AGTGGACTCT GTTCCAAAC TGGAAACAACA CTCAACCCCTA TCTCGGTCTA
 3201 TTCTTTGAT TTAAAGGGA TTGGGGGAT TTCCGGCTAT TGGTTAAAAA
 3251 ATGAGCTGAT TAAACAAAAA TTAAACGCGA ATTAATTCTG TGGAATGTGT
 35 3301 GTCAGTTAGG GTGTGGAAAG TCCCCAGGCT CCCCAGGCAG GCAGAAAGTAT

3351 GCAGAGCATG CATCTCAATT AGTCAGCAAC CAGGTGTTGA AAGTCCCCAG
3401 GCTCCCCAGC AGGCAGAAAGT ATGCAAAGCA TGCACTCAA TTAGTCAGCA
3451 ACCATAGTCC CGCCCCAAC TCCGCCCCATC CCGCCCCAA CTCCGCCAG
3501 TTCCGCCAT TCTCCGCCCC ATGGCTGACT AATTTTTTTT ATTATGCGA
5 3551 AGGCGGAGGC CGCCTCTGCC TCTGAGCTAT TCCAGAAAGTA GTGAGGGAGGC
3601 TTTTTGGAG GCCTAGGCTT TTGCAAAAG CTCCCGGGAG CTTGTATATC
3651 CATTTCGGA TCTGATCAAG AGACAGGATG AGGATCGTT CGCATGATTG
3701 AACAAAGATGG ATTGACGCA GGTTCTCCGG CCGCTTGGGT GGAGAGGCTA
3751 TTGGCTATG ACTGGGCACA ACAGACAATC GGCTGCTCTG ATGCCGGCT
10 3801 GTTCCGGCTG TCAGCGCAGG GGCAGCCCCGT TCTTTTGTCA AAGACCCGACC
3851 TGTCCGGTGC CCTGAATGAA CTGCAGGACG AGGCAGCGC GCTATCGTGG
3901 CTGGCCACGA CGGGCGTTCC TTGCGCAGCT GTGCTCGACG TTGTCACTGA
3951 AGCGGGAAAGG GACTGGCTGC TATTGGGCGA AGTGGGGGG CAGGATCTCC
4001 TGTCACTCA CCTTGCTCCT GCGAGAAAG TATCCATCAT GGCTGATGCA
15 4051 ATGCGGCGGC TGCACTACGCT TGATCCGGCT ACCTGCCCAT TCGACCACCA
4101 AGCGAAACAT CGCATCGAGC GAGCACGTAC TCGGATGAA GCGGGCTTGG
4151 TCGATCAGGA TGATCTGGAC GAAGAGCATC AGGGGCTCGC GCCAGCGA
4201 CTGTCGCCA GGCTCAAGGC CGCAGTGCCTC GACGGGGAGG ATCTCGTCTG
4251 GACCCATGGC GATGCGCTG TGCGAATAT CATGGTGAA AATGGCCGCT
20 4301 TTTCTGGATT CATCGACTGT GGCGGGCTGG GTGTTGGCGGA CGCTATCAG
4351 GACATAGCGT TGGCTACCCG TGATATTGCT GAAGAGCTTG GCGGGCAATG
4401 GGCTGACCGC TTCCCTGTC TTTACGGTAT CGCCGCTCCC GATTGCGAGC
4451 GCATCGCCTT CTATGCCCTT CTTGACGAGT TCTTCTGAGC GGGACTCTGG
4501 GTTTCGAAAT GACCGACCAA GCGACGCCCA ACCTGCCATC ACGAGATTC
25 4551 GATTCCACCG CGGCCCTCTA TGAAAGGTTG GGCTTCGAA TCGTTTCCG
4601 GGACGCCGGC TGGATGATCC TCCAGCGGG GGATCTCATG CTGGAGTTCT
4651 TCGCCCAACCC CAACTGTTT ATTGACGCTT ATAATGGTTA CAAATAAAGC
4701 AATAGCATCA CAAATTCAC AAATAAAGCA TTTTTTAC TGCATTCTAG
4751 TTGTTGGTTTG TCCAAACTCA TCAATGTATC TTATCATGTC TGTATACCGT
30 4801 CGACCTCTAG CTAGACGTTG GCGTAATCAT GGTCACTAGCT GTTCCCTGTC
4851 TGAAATTGTT ATCCGCTCAC AATTCCACAC AACATACGAG CGCGAAGCAT
4901 AAAGTGAAA GCCTGGGGTG CCTAATGAGT GAGCTAACCT ACATTAATTG
4951 CGTTGCGCTC ACTGCCGCCT TTCCAGTGG GAAACCTGTC GTGCCAGCTG
5001 CATTAAATGAA TCGGCCAACCG CGCGGGGAGA GGCGGTTTGC GTATTGGGGCG
35 5051 CTCTTCGCTC TCCCTGCTCA CTGACTCGCT GCGCTCGTC GTTCCGGCTG

5101 GCGGAGCGGT ATCAGCTAC TCAAAGGCGG TAATACGGTT ATCCACAGAA
 5151 TCAGGGGATA ACGCAGGAAA GAACATGTGA GCAAAGGCC AGCAAAGGC
 5201 CAGGAACCGT AAAAAGGCCG CGTTGCTGGC GTTTTCCAT AGGCTCGGC
 5251 CCCCTGACGA GCATCACAA AATCGACGCT CAAGTCAGAG GTGGCGAAC
 5 5301 CCGACAGGAC TATAAAGATA CCAGGCGTTT CCCCCTGGAA GCTCCCTCGT
 5351 GCGCTCTCCT GTTCCGACCC TGCCGCTTAC CGGATACCTG TCCGCCCTTC
 5401 TCCCTCGGG AAGCGTGGCG CTTCTCAAT GCTCACGCTG TAGGTATCTC
 5451 AGTCGGTGT AGGTCGTTCG CTCCAAGCTG GGCTGTGTGC ACGAACCCCC
 5501 CGTTCAGCCC GACCGCTGCG CCTTATCCGG TAACTATCGT CTTGAGTCCA
 10 5551 ACCCGGTAAG ACACGACTTA TCGCCACTGG CAGCAGGCCAC TGGTAACAGG
 5601 ATTAGCAGAG CGAGGTATGT AGGCGGTGCT ACAGAGTTCT TGAAGTGGTG
 5651 GCCTAACTAC GGCTACACTA GAAGGACAGT ATTTGGTATC TGCGCTCTGC
 5701 TGAAGCCAGT TACCTTCGGA AAAAGAGTTG STAGCTCTG ATCCGGCAAA
 5751 CAAACCCACCG CTGGTAGCGG TGGTTTTTTT GTTGTCAAGC AGCAGATTAC
 15 5801 GCGCAGAAAA AAAGGATCTC AAGAAGATCC TTTGATCTTT TCTACGGGGT
 5851 CTGACGCTCA GTGGAACGAA AACTCACGTT AAGGGATTTT GGTCATGAGA
 5901 TTATCAAAAA GGATCTTCAC CTAGATCCTT TAAATTAAA ATGAAGTTT
 5951 TAAATCAATC TAAAGTATAT ATGAGTAAAC TTGGTCTGAC AGTTACCAAT
 6001 GCTTAATCAG TGAGGCACCT ATCTCAGCGA TCTGCTTATT TCGTTCATCC
 20 6051 ATAGTTGCCT GACTCCCCGT CGTGTAGATA ACTACGATAC GGGAGGGCTT
 6101 ACCATCTGGC CCCAGTGCTG CAATGATACC GCGAGACCCA CGCTCACCGG
 6151 CTCCAGATTG ATCAGCAATA AACCGAGCCAG CGCGAAGGGC CGAGCGCAGA
 6201 AGTGGTCCCTG CAACTTTATC CGCCTCCATC CAGTCTATT ATTGTTGCCG
 6251 GGAAGCTAGA GTAAGTAGTT CGCCAGTTAA TAGTTTGCAC AACGTTGTTG
 25 6301 CCATTGCTAC AGGCATCGTG GTGTACGCT CGTCGTTGG TATGGCTTCA
 6351 TTCAGCTCCG GTTCCCAACG ATCAAGGCGA GTTACATGAT CCCCATGTT
 6401 GTGCAAAAAA GCGGTTAGCT CCTCGGTCC TCCGATCGTT GTCAGAAGTA
 6451 AGTTGGCCGC AGTGTATCA CTCATGGTTA TGGCAGCACT GCATAATTCT
 6501 CTTACTGTCA TGCCATCCGT AAAGATGCTT TCTGTGACTG GTGAGTACTC
 30 6551 AACCAAGTC A TCTGAGAAT AGTGTATCGG CGCACCGAGT TGCTCTTGCC
 6601 CGCGTCAAT CGGGGATAAT ACCCGGCCAC ATAGCAGAAC TTTAAAAGTG
 6651 CTCATCATTG GAAAACGTTT TTGGGGCGA AAACCTCTAA GGATCTTAC
 6701 GCTGTTGAGA TCCAGTTCGA TGTAACCCAC TCGTGCACCC AACTGATCTT
 6751 CAGCATCTT TACTTCACC AGCGTTCTG GGTGAGCAAA AACAGGAAGG
 35 6801 CAAAATGCCG CAAAAAAGGG ATAAGGGCG ACACGGAAAT GTTGAATACT

6851 CATACTCTTC CTTTTCAAT ATTATTGAAG CATTATTCAG GGTTATTGTC
 6901 TCATGAGCGG ATACATATT GAATGTATT AGAAAATAA ACAAATAGGG
 6951 GTTCCCGCGCA CATTCCCCG AAAAGTGCCA CCTGACGTCG ACGGATCGGG

5

Table11: Nucleotide sequence of the recombinant plasmid pIND-H-SemaL-EA (SEQ ID NO.:38)

1 AGATCTCGGC CGCATATTAA GTGCATTGTT CTCGATACCG CTAAGTGCAT
 10 51 TGTTCTCGTT AGCTCGATGG ACAAGTGCAT TGTTCTCTG CTGAAAGCTC
 101 GATGGACAAG TGCATTGTT CTTGCTGAA AGCTCGATGG ACAAGTGCAT
 151 TGTTCTCTG CTGAAAGCTC ACTACCCGGG AGTACCCCTCG ACCGCCGGAG
 201 TATAAATAGA GGCCTTCGT CTACGGAGCG ACAATTCAAT TCAAACAAAGC
 251 AAAGTGAACA CGTCGCTAAG CGAAAGCTAA GCAAATAAAC AAGCGCAGCT
 301 GAACAAGCTA AACAACTCGC AGTAAAGTGC AGTTAAAGT GAATCAATTA
 351 AAAGTAACCA GCAACCAAGT AAATCAACTG CAACTACTGA ATCTGCCAA
 401 GAAGTAATTA TTGAAATACAA GAAGAGAACT CTGAATACTT TCAACAAGTT
 451 ACCGAGAAAG AGAAACTCAC ACACAGCTAG CGTTAAACT TAAGCTTGTT
 501 ACCGAGCTCG GATCCACTAG TCCAGTGTGG TGgaattcgg ctgggatga
 20 551 gcctctccg cggccgacgt gcccggccca gcccacccggc cggccggcgt
 601 cctggcccgcc cggctcggtt gggcccttcgg ctggccgtgc ggctgtcgt
 651 gctgtctgg gggccggcc cctccggccca gggccaccta aggagccggac
 701 cccgcacattt cgcggctcgaaaggccatg tagggcggaga cccgggtggac
 751 ttggccaga ctgagccca caccgtgtttt tccacggcggc caggcagct
 25 801 ctctgtgttgg gtggaggac gtggcaaggat cttacttctttt gacttcccg
 851 agggcaagaa cgcacatgtt cgcacggta atatcggttc cacaagggg
 901 tccgtctgg ataaaggggta ctggcggaaac tacatcaactc tctggagag
 951 gccggaggatgg gggctgtgg cctgtggcac caacggcccg caccggact
 1001 gctgtgttggatggc actgtgtgtc cacttggcga gtggaggac
 30 1051 tacccccctt ctagccggaa cggaaactcc ctgggttgtt ttgggggg
 1101 cgagggttat tccacccatcc ggaaggaggaa atacaatggg aagatccct
 1151 ggtccggcc catccggggc gagatgtggc tgataccagg tgatactgtc
 1201 atgcagaacc cacatgttcat caaaggccacc atcggtgcacc aagaccggc
 1251 ttacgtgtac aagatctactt acttcttcgg agaggacaat cctgacaaaga
 35 1301 atccgtggc tccctcaat gtgtccgtt tgccggatgttgcagggggg

3101 GTCAAGCTCT AAATCGGGGC ATCCCTTAG GGTCGATT TAGTGCCTTA
 3151 CGGCACCTCG ACCCCAAAAA ACTTGATTAG GGTGATGGTT CACGTAGTGG
 3201 GCATCGCCC TGATAGACGG TTTTCGCCC TTTGACGTTG GAGTCCACGT
 3251 TCTTAAATAG TGAGCTCTTG TTCCAAACTG GAACAACACT CAACCCCTATC
 5 3301 TCGGTCTATT CTTTGATT ATAAGGGATT TTGGGGATT CGGCCTATTG
 3351 GTTAAAAAAAT GAGCTGATT AAACAAAATT TAACGCGAAT TAATTCTGTG
 3401 GAATGTGTGT CAGTTAGGGT GTGAAAGTC CCCAGGCTCC CCAGGCAGGC
 3451 AGAAGTATGC AAAGCATGCA TCTCAATTAG TCAGCAACCA GGTGTGGAAA
 3501 GTCCCCAGGC TCCCCAGCG GCAGAAGTAT GCAGGCATG CATCTCAATT
 10 3551 AGTCAGCAAC CATAGTCCCG CCCCTAACTC CGCCCATCCC GCCCTAACT
 3601 CCCCCCAGTT CGGCCATTCC TCGCCCATG GGCTGACTAA TTTTTTTAT
 3651 TTATGCAGAG GCCGAGGCGC CCTCTGCTC TGAGCTATT CAGAAGTAGT
 3701 GAGGAGGCTT TTTGGAGGC CTAGGCTTT GCAAAAGCT CCCGGGGCCT
 3751 TGTATATCCA TTTCGGATC TGATCAAGAG ACAGGATGAG GATCGTTCG
 15 3801 CATGATTGAA CAAGATGGAT TGCACGCGAGG TTCTCCGGCC GCTTGGGTGG
 3851 AGAGGCTATT CGGCTATGAC TGGGCACAAC AGACAATCGG CTGCTCTGAT
 3901 GCCCCCGTGT TCCGGCTGTC AGCGCAGGGG CGCCCGGTTT TTTTGTCAA
 3951 GACCGACCTG TCCGGTGCCTC TGAATGACT GCAGGACGAG GCAGCGCGC
 4001 TATCGTGGCT GGCCACGACG GGCGTCTCTT GCGCAGCTGT GCTGACGTT
 20 4051 GTCACTGAAG CGGGAAGGGG CTGGCTGTA TTGGGCGAAG TGCCGGGGCA
 4101 GGATCTCCCTG TCATCTCACC TTGCTCCCTGC CGAGAAAGTA TCCATCATGG
 4151 CTGATGCAAT GCGGCGGCTG CATACTGCTTG ATCCGGCTAC CTGCCATT
 4201 GACCAACAAAG CGAAACATCG CATCGAGCGA GCACGTACTC GGATGGAAGC
 4251 CGGCTTGTC GATCAGGATG ATCTGGACGA AGAGCATCAG GGGCTCGCGC
 25 4301 CAGCCGAAC GTTGCAGCAGG CTCAGGCAGC GCATGCCGA CGGCGAGGAT
 4351 CTCGTCGTGA CCCATGGCGA TGCCTGCTTG CCGAATATCA TGGTGGAAAA
 4401 TGGCCGCTTT TCTGGATTCA TCGACTGTGG CGGGCTGGGT GTGGCGGAC
 4451 GCTATCAGGA CATAGCGTTG GCTACCCCGTG ATATTGCTGA AGAGCTTGGC
 4501 GGCAGATGGG CTGACCGCTT CCTCGTGCCT TACGGTATCG CCGCTCCCGA
 30 4551 TTCGCAGCGC ATCGCCTCT ATCGCCTCT TGACGAGTTG TTCTGAGCGG
 4601 GACTCTGGGG TTGAAATGA CCGACCAAGC GACGCCAAC CTGCCATCAC
 4651 GAGTTTCGA TTCCACCGCC GCCTTCTATG AAAGGTTGGG CTTCGGAATC
 4701 GTTTCCGGG ACGCCGGCTG GATGATCCTC CAGCGCGGGG ATCTCATGCT
 4751 GGAGTTCTTC GCCCACCCCA ACTTGTATT TGCAAGCTTAT AATGGTTACA
 35 4801 AATAAAGCAA TAGCATCACA AATTCACAA ATAAGCATT TTTTCACTG

4851 CATTCTAGTT GTGGTTTGT CAAACTCATC AATGTATCTT ATCATGTCTG
 4901 TATACCGTCG ACCTCTAGCT AGAGCTTGGC GTAATCATGG TCATAGCTGT
 4951 TTCTCTGTG AAATTGTTAT CCCTCACAA TTCCACACAA CATACTGAGCC
 5001 GGAAGCATAA AGTGTAAAGC CTGGGGTGC TAATGAGTGA GCTAACTCAC
 5 5051 ATTAATTGCG TTGCGCTCAC TGCCGCTT CCAGTCGGGA AACCTGTCGT
 5101 GCCAGCTGCA TTAATGAATC GGCAACGCG CGGGGAGAGG CGGTTGCGT
 5151 ATGGGGCGCT CTCCGCTTC CTGCTCACT GACTCGCTGC GCTCGGTGCGT
 5201 TCGGCTGCG CGAGCGGTAT CAGCTCACTC AAAGGCGGTAA ATACGGTTAT
 5251 CCACAGAATC AGGGGATAAC GCAGGAAGA ACATGTGAGC AAAAGGCCAG
 10 5301 CAAAAGGCCA GGAACCGTAA AAAGGCCGCG TTGCTGGCGT TTTCCATAG
 5351 GCTCCGCCCC CCTGACGAGC ATCACAAAAA TCAGCAGCTCA AGTCAGAGGT
 5401 GGGGAACCC GACAGGACTA TAAAGATACC AGGCCTTCC CCCTGGAAGC
 5451 TCCCTCGTGC GCTCTCCTGT TCCGACCCCTG CCGCTTACCG GATACTGTC
 5501 CGCCTTCTC CCTTCGGGAA GCGTGGCGT TTCTCAATGC TCACGCTGTA
 15 5551 GGTATCTAG TTGCGGTGAG GTCGTTGCGT CCAAGCTGGG CTGTGTGCA
 5601 GAACCCCCCC TTCAAGCCGA CGCTGCGCC TTATCCGGTA ACTATCGCT
 5651 TGAGTCCAAC CCGGTAAGAC ACGACTTATC GCCACTGGCA GCAGCCACTG
 5701 GTAACAGGAT TAGCAGAGCG AGGTATGTAG GCGGTGCTAC AGAGTTCTTG
 5751 AAGTGGTGGC CTAACTACGG CTACACTAGA AGGACAGTAT TTGGTATCTG
 20 5801 CGCTCTGCTG AAGCCAGTTA CCTTCGGAAA AAGAGTTGGT AGCTCTTGAT
 5851 CCGGCAAACA ACCAACCGCT GGTAGCGGTG GTTTTTTGT TTGCAAGCAG
 5901 CAGATTACGC GCAGAAAAAA AGGATCTCAA AAAGATCCTT TGATCTTTTC
 5951 TACGGGGTCT GACGCTAGT GGAACGAAAA CTACGTTAA GGGATTTGG
 6001 TCATGAGATT ATCAAAAAGG ATCTTCACCT AGATCCTTT AAATTTAAAAA
 25 6051 TGAAGTTTA ATCAATCTA AAGTATATAT GAGTAAACTT GGTCTGACAG
 6101 TTACCAATGC TTAATCAGTG AGGCACCTAT CTCAGCGATC TGCTATTTCTC
 6151 GTTCATCCAT AGTTGCTGA CTCCCGTCG TGAGATAAC TACGATACGG
 6201 GAGGGCTTAC CATCTGGCCC CAGTGTGCA ATGATAACCGC GAGACCCACG
 6251 CTCACCGGCT CCAGATTAT CAGCAATAAA CCAGCCAGCC GGAAGGGCCG
 30 6301 AGCGCAGAAG TTGGCTCTGCA ACTTTATCCG CCTCCATCCA GTCTATTAAT
 6351 TGTTGCCGGG AAGCTAGAGT AAGTAGTTCG CCAGTTAATA GTTTGCCGAA
 6401 CGTTGTTGCC ATTGCTACAG GCATCGTGGT GTCACGCTCG TCGTTGGTA
 6451 TGGCTTCATT CAGCTCCGGT TCCCAACGAT CAAGGCGAGT TACATGATCC
 6501 CCCATGTTGT GCAAAAAGC GGTTAGCTCC TTGGTCCCTC CGATCGTTGT
 35 6551 CAGAAGTAAG TTGGCCGAG TGTTATCACT CATGGTTATG GCAGCACTGC

6601 ATAATTCTCT TACTGTCATG CCATCCGTAAT GATGCTTTCT TGTGACTGGT
 6651 GAGTACTCAA CCAAGTCATT CTGAGAATAG TGTATGCGGC GACCGAGTTG
 6701 CTCTTGCCTCG GCGTCAATAC GGGATAATAC CGCGCCACAT AGCAGAACTT
 6751 TAAAAGTGCT CATCATTGGA AAACGTTCTT CGGGGCGAAA ACTCTCAAGG
 5 6801 ATCTTACCGC TGTTGAGATC CAGTTGATG TAACCCACTC GTGCACCCAA
 6851 CTGATCTTCA GCATCTTTA CTTCACCAAG CGTTTCTGGG TGAGCAAAAA
 6901 CAGGAAGGCA AAATGCGCA AAAAAGGGAA TAAGGGCGAC ACGGAAATGT
 6951 TGAATACTCA TACTCTTCTT TTTCAATAT TATTGAAGCA TTTATCAGGG
 7001 TTATTGTCCTC ATGAGCGGAT ACATATTGAA ATGTATTTAG AAAATAAAC
 10 7051 AAATAGGGT TCCCGCGACA TTTCGGAA AAGTGCCACC TGACGTCGAC
 7101 GGATCGGG

Table12: Sequence of the recombinant plasmid pQE30-H-SemaL-BH
(SEQ ID NO.:39)

1 CTCGAGAAAT CATAAAAAT TTATTTGCTT TGTGAGCGGA TAACAATTAT
 51 AATAGATTCA ATTGTGAGCG GATAACAATT TCACACAGAA TTCATTAAG
 101 AGGAGAAATT AACTATGAGA GGATCGCATC ACCATCACCA TCACGGAtcc
 20 151 ctggtttgtt tgaaggggg cgggggtgtat tccaccatc ggaaggcaggaa
 201 atacaalggg aagatccctc gggtccggcg catccggggc gagagtgagc
 251 tggacccaggc tgatactgtc atgcagaacc cacatgtcat caaaggccacc
 301 atcgtgcacc aagaccaggc ttacgtatgaa aagatctact acttctccg
 351 agaggcacaacc ctgtacaaga atccgtggggc tccctcaat gtgtcccggt
 25 401 tggcccaagggtt gtgcaggggg gaccagggtt gggaaaggcc actgtcaggc
 451 tccaatggaa acatcttctt gaaaggccatc ctggatgtca gtgtatgtcc
 501 caccacaaacaa gacttcaaca ggcgtcaaga cgttcttccgtt cccctgacc
 551 ccacggccca gtggaggggac accagggttct atgggtgtttt cccaaacccc
 601 tggaaactact cagccgttctgtgtatccctt ctcgggtgaca ttgacaagggt
 30 651 ctccgttacc tccatcaaa agggcttacca ctcacggctt cccaaacccgc
 701 ggcgtggcaa gtgcctccaa gaccaggcgc cgtataccac agaAAGCTTA
 751 ATTAGCTGAG CTTGGACTCC TGTTGATAGA TCCAGTAATG ACCTCAGAAC
 801 TCCATCTGGA TTGTTGAGA ACGCTCGGT GCCGCCGGGC GTTTTTATT
 851 GGTGAGAACAT CAAGCTAGCT TGGCAGGATT TTCAGGAGCT AAGGAAGCTA
 35 901 AAATGGAGAA AAAATCACT GGATATACCA CCGTTGATAT ATCCCAATGG

951 CATCGTAAAG AACATTTGA GGCATTCAG TCAGTTGCTC AATGTACCTA
 1001 TAACCAGACC GTTCAGCTGG ATTACCGC CTTTTAAAG ACCGTAAGA
 1051 AAAATAAGC CAAGTTTAT CGGGCCTTA TTCACATTCT TGCCCCGCTG
 1101 ATGAATGCTC ATCCGGAATT TCGTATGGCA ATGAAAGACG GTGAGCTGGT
 5 1151 GATATGGGAT AGTGTTCACC CTTGTTACAC CGTTTCCAT GAGCAAACGT
 1201 AACACGTTTC ATCCGCTGG AGTGAATACC ACGACGATT CGGCAGTT
 1251 CTACACATAT ATTGCGAAGA TGTCGGCTGT TACGGTGAAA ACCTGGCCTA
 1301 TTTCCTAAAGGGTTTATG AGAATATGTT TTTCGTCGA GCGAACCTC
 1351 GGGTGAGTTT CACCAAGTTT GATTTAAACG TGCCAAATAT GGACAACTC
 10 1401 TTGCCCCCG TTTTACCAT GGGCAAATAT TATACGCAAG GCGACAAAGGT
 1451 GCTGATGCCG CTGGCGATTG AGGTTCATCA TGCCGTCTGT GATGGCTTCC
 1501 ATGTCGGCAG AATGCTTAAT GAATTACAAAC AGTACTGCGA TGAGTGGCAG
 1551 GGCGGGGCGT AATTTTTTAAGGCAAGTT TGGTGCCTT AAACCCCTGG
 1601 GGTAAATGACT CTCTAGCTG AGGCATCAA AAAACGAAA GGCTCAGTCG
 15 1651 AAAGACTGGG CCTTTCGTTT TATCTGTTGT TTGTCGGTGA ACGCTCTCCT
 1701 GAGTAGGACA AATCCGCCGC TCTAGAGCTG CCTCGCGCGT TTGGTGTATG
 1751 ACGGTAAAAA CCTCTGACAC ATGCACTGCCT CGGAGACCGT CACAGCTTGT
 1801 CTGTAAGCGG ATGCCGGGAG CAGACAAGCC CGTCAGGGCG CGTCAGCGGG
 1851 TGTTGGCGGG TGTCGGGGCG CAGCCATGAC CCAGTCACGT AGCGATAGCG
 20 1901 GACTGTATACT TGGCTTAACAT ATGCCGCATC AGAGCAGATT GTACTGAGAG
 1951 TGACCATATAT CGGGTGTGAA ATACCGCACA GATGCGTAAG GAGAAAATAC
 2001 CGCATCAGGC GCTCTTCCGC TTCCCTCGCTC ACTGACTCGC TGCGCTCGGT
 2051 CTGTCGGCTG CGCGGAGCGG TATCAGCTCA CTCAAAGGCG GTAATACGGT
 2101 TATCCACAGA ATCAAGGGAT AACCGAGGAA AGAACATGTG AGAAAAGGC
 25 2151 CACGAAAGG CCAGGAACCG TAAAAAGGCC GCGTTGCTGG CGTTTTCCA
 2201 TAGGCTCCGC CCCCCCTGACG AGCATCACAA AAATCGACGC TCAAGTCAGA
 2251 GGTGGCGAAA CCCGACAGGA CTATAAGAT ACCAGGCCTG TCCCCCTGGA
 2301 AGCTCCCTCG TGCGCTCTCC TGTTCCGACCT CGCCGCTTA CGGATACCT
 2351 GTCCGCTTT CTCCCTCGG GAAGCGTGGC GCTTTCTCAA TGCTCACGCT
 30 2401 GTAGGTATCT CAGTTCCGGT TAGTCGTTC GCTCCAAGCT GGGCTGTGTG
 2451 CACGAACCCC CGGTTCAAGCC CGACCGCTGC GCCTTATCGG GTAACATCG
 2501 TCTTGAGTCC AACCCGGTAA GACACGACTT ATCGCCACTG GCAGCAGCCA
 2551 CTGTTAACAG GATTAGCAGA GCGAGGTATG TAGGCGGTGC TACAGAGTTC
 2601 TTGAAGTGGT GGCTTAACACT CGGCTACACT AGAAGGGACAG TATTTGGTAT
 35 2651 CTGCGCTCTG CTGAAGGCCAG TTACCTCGG AAAAGAGTT GGTAGCTCTT

2701 GATCCGGCAA ACAACACC GCTGGTAGCG GTGGTTTT TGTTGCAAG
 2751 CAGCAGATTA CGCCGAGAAA AAAAGGATCT CAAGAAGATC CTTGATCTT
 2801 TTCTACGGG TCTGACGCTC AGTGGAACGA AAACTCACGT TAAGGGATT
 2851 TGGTCATGAG ATTATCAAA AGGATCTTCAC CCTAGATCCT TTTAAATTAA
 5 2901 AAATGAAGTT TAAATCAAT CTAAGTATA TATGAGTAA CTTGGTCTGA
 2951 CAGTTACCAA TGCTTAAATCA GTGAGGCACC TATCTCAGCG ATCTGCTAT
 3001 TTCGTTCATC CATACTGCC TGACTCCCG TCGTGTAGAT AACTACGATA
 3051 CGGGAGGGCT TACCATCTGG CCCCAGTGCT GCAATGATAC CCCGAGACCC
 3101 ACGCTCACCG GCTCCAGATT TATCAGCAAT AAACCAGCCA GCCGGAAGGG
 10 3151 CCGAGCGCAG AAGTGGTCCT GCAACTTAT CCGCCTCCAT CCAGTCTATT
 3201 AATTGTTGCC GGGAAAGCTAG AGTAAGTAGT TCGCCAGTTA ATAGTTTGCG
 3251 CAACCTTGCTA CAGGCATCGT GGTGTACGC TCCTCGTTG
 3301 GTATGGCTTC ATTCAGCTCC GGTTCCAAC GATCAAGGCG AGTTACATGA
 3351 TCCCCCATGT TGTCAAAAA AGCGGTTAGC TCCTTCGGTC CTCCGATCGT
 15 3401 TGTCAAGT AAGTGGCG CAGTGTATC ACTCATGGTT ATGGCAGCAC
 3451 TGCATAATTTC TCTTACTGTC ATGCCATCG TAAGATGCTT TTCTGTGACT
 3501 GGTGAGTACT CAACCAAGTC ATTCTGAGAA TAGTGTATGC GGCGACCGAG
 3551 TTGCTCTTGC CCGCGTCAA TACGGGATAA TACCGCGCCA CATAACAGAA
 3601 CTTAAAAAGT GCTCATCATT GGAAACGTT CTTCGGGGCG AAAACTCTCA
 20 3651 AGGATCTTAC CGCTGTTGAG ATCCAGTTG ATGTAACCCA CTCGTGCACC
 3701 CAACTGATCT TCAGCATCTT TTACTTTCAC CAGCGTTCT GGGTGAGCAA
 3751 AACAGGAAG GCAAAATGCC GCAAAAAAGG GAATAAGGGC GACACGGAAA
 3801 TGTGAATAC TCATACTCTT CCTTTTCAA TATTATTGAA GCATTATCA
 3851 GGGTTATTGT CTCTGAGCG GATACATATT TGAATGTATT TAGAAAAATA
 25 3901 AACAAATAGG GGTTCCGCAC ACATTCCCC GAAAAGTGC ACCTGACGTC
 3951 TAAGAAACCA TTATTATCAT GACATTAACC TATAAAAATA GGCATATCAC
 4001 GAGGCCCTTT CGTCTTCAC

30 Table13: Sequence of the recombinant plasmid pQE31-H-SemaL-SH
 (SEQ ID NO.: 40)

1 CTCGAGAAAT CATAAAAAT TTATTTGCTT TGTGAGCGGA TAACAATTAT
 51 AATAGATTCATGAGCG GATAACAATT TCACACAGAA TTCAATTAAAG
 35 101 AGGAGAAATT AACTATGAGA GGATCGCATC ACCATCACCA TCACACGGAT

151 CCGCATGCga gctccagtg ggagggtgagc caggigcccc tggaccctgt
 201 tgaggctat ggcgggggct gcccacggtg cctcatgtcc cgagacccct
 251 actggggctg ggaccaggggc cgctgcacatc ccatctacag ctccgaacgg
 301 tcaglgcgc aatccatlaa tccagccgag ccacacaagg agtgtcccaa
 5 351 ccccaaacca gacaaggccc caclgcagaa ggltccctg gccccaaact
 401 ctcgdatactt cctgagctgc cccatgaaat cccgccccacgc caccctacta
 451 tggcgccaca aggagaacgt ggacgagagc tgccgaacctg gtacccagag
 501 ccccaactgc alcctgtca tcgagaacct caccggccgag cagtacggcc
 551 actactctg cgaggcccaag gagggtctc acttcggcgaa ggctcagcac
 10 601 tggcagctgc tgcccgaggaa cggcatcatg gcccggacacc tgctgggtca
 651 tgctgtgcc ctggctgcct ccctctggct ggggggtctg cccacactca
 701 ctcttgctt ctgggtccac tgtaagcttA ATTAGCTGAG CTTGGACTCC
 751 TGTTGATAGA TCCAGTAATG ACCTCAGAAC TCCATCTGGA TTTGTTCAGA
 801 ACGCTCGGTT GCCGCCGGGC GTTTTTTATT GGTGAGAATC CAAGCTAGCT
 15 851 TGGCAGGATT TTCAGGGACT AAGGAAGCTA AAATGGAGAA AAAATCACT
 901 GGATATAACCA CCCTGGTAT ATCCCAATGG CATCGTAAG AACATTTGA
 951 GGCATTTAG TCAGTTGCTC AATGTACCTA TAACCAGACC GTTCAGCTGG
 1001 ATATTACGGC CTTTTAAAG ACCGTTAAGA AAAATAAGCA CAAGTTTAT
 1051 CCGGCCCTTA TTCACATTCT TGCCGCCCTG ATGAATGCTC ATCCGGAAATT
 20 1101 TCGTATGGCA ATGAAAGACG GTGAGGCTGT GATATGGAT AGTGTTCACC
 1151 CTTGTTACAC CGTTTCCAT GAGCAAACCTG AAACGTTTC ATCGCTCTGG
 1201 AGTGAATACC ACGACGATT CCGGCAGTTT CTACACATAT ATTGCGAAGA
 1251 TGTGGCGTGT TACGGTGAAC ACCTGGCTA TTTCCCTAA GGGTTTATTG
 1301 AGAATATGTT TTTGGCTCA GCCAACTCCCT GGGTGAGTTT CACCAAGTTT
 25 1351 GATTAAACG TGGCCAATAT GGACAACCTTC TTGCCCCCG TTTTACCAT
 1401 GGGCAAATAT TATACGCAAG GCGACAAGGT GCTGATGCCG CTGGCGATTG
 1451 AGGTTCATCA TGCCGTCTGT GATGGCTTC ATGTCGGCAG AATGCTTAAAT
 1501 GAATTACAC AGTACTGCGA TGAGTGGCAG GGCGGGGCGT AATTTTTTA
 1551 AGGCAGTTT TGGTGCCTT AAACGCCCTGG GGTAATGACT CTCTAGCTTG
 30 1601 AGGCATCAA TAAAACGAA GGCTCAGTCG AAAGACTGGG CCTTTCGTTT
 1651 TATCTGTTGT TTGTCGGTGA ACGCTCTCCT GAGTAGGACA AATCCGCCG
 1701 TCTAGAGCTG CCTCGCGCGT TTCCGGTGTG ACGGTGAAAA CCTCTGACAC
 1751 ATGCAGCTCC CGGAGACGGT CACAGCTGTG CTGTAAGCGG ATGCCGGGAG
 1801 CAGACAAGCC CGTCAGGGCG CGTCAGCGGG TGTGGCGGG TGTCGGGGCG
 35 1851 CAGCCATGAC CCAGTCACGT AGCGATAGCG AGGTGTATAC TGGCTTAAC

1901	ATGCGGCATC AGAGCAGATT GTACTGAGAG TGCCACCATAT GCGGGTGTGAA
1951	ATACCGCACA GATGCGTAAG GAGAAAATAC CGCATCAGGC GCTCTTCCGC
2001	TTCTCGCTC ACTGACTCGC TGCGCTCGGT CTGTCGGCTG CGCGGAGCGG
2051	TATCAGCTCA CTCAAAGCG GTAATACGGT TATCCACAGA ATCAGGGGAT
5	2101 AACGCAGGAA AGAACATGTG AGCAGAAAGGC CAGCAAAAGG CCAGGAACCG
	2151 TAAAAAGGCC GCGTTGCTGG CGTTTTCCA TAGGCTCCGC CCCCCGTACG
	2201 AGCATCACAA AAATCGACGC TCAAGTCAGA GGTTGGCGAA CCCGACAGGA
	2251 CTATAAGAT ACCAGGGCTT TCCCCCTGGA AGCTCCCTCG TGCGCTCTCC
	2301 TGTTCCGACC CTGCCGCTTA CCGGATACCT GTCCGCTTT CTCCCTTCGG
10	2351 GAAGCGTGGC GCTTTCTCAA TGCTCACGCT GTAGGTATCT CAGTTCGGTG
	2401 TAGGTCGTTC GCTCCAAGCT GGGCTGTG TG CACGAACCCC CGGTTCAAGCC
	2451 CGACCGCTGC GCCTTATCCG GTAACTATCG TCTTGAGTCC AACCCGGTAA
	2501 GACACGACTT ATCGCCTACTG GCAGCAGCCA CTGGTAAACAG GATTAGCAGA
	2551 GCGAGGATATG TAGGCGGTG TGACAGAGTTT TTGAAAGTGGT GGCTAACTA
15	2601 CGGCTACACT AGAAGGGACAG TATTTGGTAT CTGCGCTCTG CTGAAGGCCAG
	2651 TTACCTTCG AAAAGAGATT GGTAGCTCTT GATCCGGCAA ACAAAACCC
	2701 GCTGGTAGCG TGGGTTTTT TGTTTGCAGA CAGCAGATTAA CGCCGAGAAA
	2751 AAAAGGATCT CAAGAAAGATC CTTTGATCTT TTCTACGGGG TCTGACGCTC
	2801 AGTGGAACGA AAACCTCACGT TAAGGGATT TGTCATGAG ATTATCAAAA
20	2851 AGGATCTTC CTTAGATCCT TTAAATTAA AAATGAAAGTT TAAATCAAT
	2901 CTAAAGTATA TATGAGTAA CTGGTCTGA CAGTTACCAA TGCTTAATCA
	2951 GTGAGGCACC TATCTCAGCG ATCTGCTAT TTGCTTCATC CATAGCTGCC
	3001 TGACTCCCGG TCGTAGAT AACTACGATA CGGGAGGGCT TACCATCTGG
	3051 CCCCCAGTGCT GCAATGATAC CGCGAGACCC ACGCTCACCG GCTCCAGATT
25	3101 TATCAGCAAT AAACCAGCCA GCGGGAGGG CGCAGCGCAG AAGTGGTCTT
	3151 GCAACTTAT CCGCCTCCAT CCAGTCTATT AATTGTTGCC GGGAAAGCTAG
	3201 AGTAAGTAGT TGCCAGTTA ATAGTTTGCG CAACGTTGTT GCAATTGCTA
	3251 CAGGCATCGT GGTGTCACGC TGCTCGTTG GTATGGCTTC ATTCACTCC
	3301 GGTTCACAC GATCAAGCGG AGTTACATGA TCCCCCATGT TGTGCAAAA
30	3351 AGCGGGTTAGC TCCTCGCTC CTCCGATCGT TGTCAGAAGT AAGTGGCCG
	3401 CAGTGTATTAC ACTCATGGTT ATGGCAGCAC TGCTAACATC TCTTACTGTC
	3451 ATGCCATCGC TAAGATGCTT TTCTGTGACT GTGAGTACT CAACCAAGTC
	3501 ATTCTGAGAA TAGTGTATGC GGCGACCGAG TTGCTTTCG CGCGGCTCAAA
	3551 TACGGGATAA TACCGCGCCA CATAGCAGAA CTTTAAAGT GCTCATCATT
35	3601 GGGAAAAGCTT CTTCGGGGCG AAAACTCTCA AGGATCTTAC CGCTGTGAG

3651 ATCCAGTCG ATGTAACCCA CTCGTGCACC CAACTGATCT TCAGCATCTT
 3701 TTACTTCAC CAGCGTTCT GGGTGAGCAA AAACAGGAAG GCaaaATGCC
 3751 GCaaaaAAGG GAATAAGGGC GACACGGAA TGTTGAATAC TCATACTCTT
 3801 CCTTTTCAA TATTATTGAA GCATTTATCA GGGTTATGT CTCATGAGCG
 5 3851 GATACATATT TGAATGTATT TAGAAAAATA AACAAATAGG GGTTCCGCGC
 3901 ACATTCCCC GAAAAGTGC ACCTGACGTC TAAGAAACCA TTATTATCAT
 3951 GACATTAACC TATAAAATA GGCGTATCAC GAGGCCCTT CGTCTTCAC

10 Table14: (Partial) nucleotide sequence of the human semaphorin L gene.
(8888 nucleotides) (SEQ ID NO.: 41):

15 GAGCCGCACACGGTGTCTTCCACGAGCCAGGCAGCTCCTCTGTGTGGGGGGAGGACGT
 GGCAAGGTCTACCTCTTGCCTCCCGAGGGCAAGAACCCATCTGTGCGCACGGTGAGC
 CTCTCTCTCCCCAACACCCCCCTACCCCTCTTATCTCCCCCTGGCCCTGCCAAGGGT
 CCTCAGGGAAATCCGAGGGAGCTGGCTCTCTTCTAAACTGCCACCTCCGTATCCTA
 TAAATGGCTCTGGGGGGGGCTCCCTAAAGGTAGTCAGATTGGAGGTGGGAGCTGGGC
 GGTGTGGAGAAAAACAGGAGCTAATGGGCTTGGCCAGCTGGCAGCGCTGCGAAAG
 CCCAGGCTGGAAGCTGGGCCAGAGCCATGCCATGGCTCTGAACCCCTCTGGGCCTCA
 20 GCTCTGGATATGAGACCCCTGGCTTGACCTCAGGTAGATCACTCACCCCTCTCAGAGCCCCAG
 TTGCTCATCTGCAGATGAGAAATAATGGTGTCTCTTGGGCTTATCCGAGGCTGTG
 TGGAAAGCATTTCAGGGTACCTCACCCCTGGCAGATTGAACTAATGCTCTCCCTCC
 CCAGGTGAATATCGGTCACAAAGGGGCTGTGGATAAGCGGGTGAAGCGGGGGAG
 GATCTGGAGGGGCTGTGAGCCACTTGGTAAAGGGAGAGGAGACCCCTGAGGGCTAAGGAAG
 25 GAAGCATGGCCCTGCCACAGAGTCCACACTGATGGGGAGACGTGGCTCTGTGCTA
 GGGGATGGCGTCAGCTGCACACACTCTGGCTGTCCGGAGGCTGTACCTATGCTAAG
 CCCTCTGACACCTCTCCCTGATCCTGGGGCTAGTGTAGGCTTCCAGGGCCTT
 CCAGCAACCAATTCTCTCTCCCTCTCTCTTCCCCGGGAGGGACTGCGAGAACTACAT
 CACTCTCTGGAGAGGCGAGTGAGGGCTGTGGCCTGTGGCACCAACGCCCGGACCC
 30 CAGCTGCTGGAACCTGGTGGAGAGGCTGCTCCCCATGTGCCGTGATCAGCTCACCTCTAC
 TGGCTGGCTCTGCCCTCATGGTGGGAAGGAGATGGCAGACTCCAATGCTGGCCTG
 CCCTGGAGGATGGGCTCTGGCGAGAAACTGGCGTCATGGAGGCAGTGGCTGTGG
 GATTATGTGGCATCCAACCCCTGGATCTCCACAGGTGAATGGCACTGTGGTGCCT
 TGGCAGAGATGAGAGGCTACGCCCGGAGCAGGAACCTCCGTGGTCTGTTGA
 35 AGGTTGGGCATGCTCGGAACTGGCTGGAGCAGGATGGCAGCTTTGTCAGTGT

CCGGAGGGGGACTTCAGGAGCTGCCCTCCCTACTATTTCCCTCCACTGACCCC
AGGGGACGAGGTGATTCCACCATCGGAAGCAGGAATACAATGGGAAGATCCCTCGGTT
CCGCCGCATCCGGGGCAGAGTGAGCTGTACACCAGTGATCTGTAGCAGAGTGAGTC
AGGCTCCGGCTGGGCTGAGGGTGGCAAGGGGTGAGCAGCTTAAGGTGGCAGATGGGA
5 TCCTGTAGTTCTGGGGCTCCCTGAGGGCGCTGGGGCCATGCAGGAAAGCAGGACCC
TTGGTATAGGCCCTGAGAAGTTAGGGTTGGCTGGGAGCAGAGGAACAGACAAGGTATAGCA
GTGGGATGGGCCACGGCCCTTCAGGAACACAAACAGAGGGAGCCCGAGCCCAGTGAG
GGTCCCCAGGAGCCAAAGTTATCCTCTGTAGTTCAGTGGAGGAGCAGCCCCCAACTC
CCTCTCATCAGGGCTGCCAATTGAGCAGAAGTGACATAGGGGCCCCCAGGGACCTTC
10 CCCCACCTCCCAGGAGCATGAAAGTCATTGCTCTGGGCCATGACATCTTTGTAGGAAGAGG
GCAAAACAGGTGTTGGGGTGGAGGTGAGGGTCTAGGGCCCTGGGGAGTTGACCTGAT
GTTATGAGTCTCTATTCCAGATCTGATTTGCATGGTTGTGAGACCCGAAGGAGGGAGG
AGAGTGTGAGGGTGGAAATGGTCTCCCGGCAAGCTCCACGGCTTAACGCCATTGCT
TCTGTGCCCTGGCAGACCCACAGTTCATCAAAGCCACCATCGTGCACCAAGACCAGGCTT
15 ACGATGACAAGATCTACTACTTCTCCAGAGGAGACAATCTGACAAGAACTCTGAGGCTC
CTCTCAATGTGTCCTGTGGGCCAGTTGTGAGGGTGAACACGGCGTGAGGGCTGCTG
GCTACCTGTCTGTGATGAATAGGCTGAGTGAGGGTGAAGTCTGTGTGTCCTGTGCTG
GTAGAAAGTTGTGTTGATGTATGAGTGGGTCTGTGTCAGGGACTGTGGGAGCAGCTGTG
TGCATGGAGCATCATGTGCTGTGTTGAAAGGTGGCTGAGCTCTGTGACGTATG
20 ATGGCGTGTGAGCGTGTGATGATGGGGTGTGTTGTTGTTGTTGTTGCTGTTGCT
GTGTGAATGTGCTGTGCCACGTATGTTGGTGTGAGTCAGTAAATGTGTTGCTGAGTC
GTCTGCTCTGTGGGACCTGGCCTCTCACCTGCCCTGACCCCTGGGACTGTGTCCTG
GGCTCTGGATCAGGCCAGGCTGCTGAGGAGTCTCATCTGGAGACCTGCCCTGAGTCT
GGGGCACCCCCGGCAGGTCTGGCCCTGAGCCTGCCCTCTGGGCCAGGT
25 TTGATATTGCTGGCAGGGTTCTGGGTGTGTTGGGGAGCCGGCAGGTGCTGAGGG
GCCCTCTCTCCCTCTACCTTCCAGGGGACCAAGGGTGGGGAAAGTTCATGTGCT
CCAAGTGGAACACTTTCTGAAAGCCATGCTGGTATGCACTGATGCTGCCACCAACAAGA
ACTTCAACAGGCTGCAAGACGCTCTCTGCTCCCTGACCCAGCAGGCCAGTGGAGGGACA
CCAGGGTCTATGGTTCTCAACCCCTGGTGAAGTGGCCCTTGCTGGGGCCGGGG
30 TGGCATGGTTCAGTGTCCAGTAGGGACAGGAGGCTTGGGCCCTGCTGAGGGGCTCCCT
GGTGGCAGGAGCAGGGCTGAGGCTCAAGAGGCTGGCTGTTCTGGGTGTTGGGGTGG
GGGGGACGCCAGTGGCATGATGATGACTGTGTTGAGTGTGAGCTGCACTCATGGTGT
TGTGCACTGCCCTATATGCAACTCATGACTGCACTGTGCTGTGTTGCTCCACCACTGC
TTGTGCCAGAGTGGACACTGGGCCAGGAGGAAGCTGCTGAAGCATTCTCGGAGCT
35 GGGTGCCTATTACACCTGCTCAGGCAGTGCCTGAGCCGATAATTCAACTTCAATAC

AGAATGGGAGGCCTCACAACTGGGAGAAGTATTGGCTTTCCGAGAAATTGCAA
 GGGTATGCTGTTACTGGGCTGGTTGGAGGAGTATGGCATTGCTGTGAAGGCA
 GTGGCTGGGCTGGGCTTATCAGGCCAAGGAGCATCGGCCACATCTCAGAGTCACA
 GATGAGGATCAGGATGTTAGAGGAAACATCCTAGGCAGGCATCTGACTGCTTT
 5 TTGGGCAGGTGATGCCCTGGAAATTGGGAGGGAGGGAGAGAGGGAGGTAGGCTATTCT
 AGAAACTGGGAGAGCAGGTAGGATGGGAGGACCAGGGTCAGGGCCCCATTGG
 TCCCTAATTGAGAACGGAGAGACATTGGCTAGGAGGCAGGCAGCTCGGTTATAAGACC
 TTGGGAACTCTGATTAGAATCCAAGATCCTTTAGTCTAGGATTATAAAATTAA
 GATATCCCTAAGATCAATGCAACGTGGACTCTGAATTGGATCCTAGAACAGAAGAAG
 10 GACATTGTGGAAAAACTAGTGAATCCAAATAAAGTCTGTAGTTTGTTAATGTAATG
 CACCAATGTCAGTGCCTAGTTGTGACAAATATAACCGTGGTTATGTAAGATGGTAACATT
 AGGGGAACTGGAGAAGGGTAGTTGGAGCTCTGTACTATCTTGCAACTTTCTGGG
 AATCTAAAATTACTCCAAAATAAAAAAAAAAATGTTAAAGTAAATATATCCCTAAGA
 GTCCAGGAGGCAGGGAGTTGAGAAGCAGCTGAGTGGTTGGTTCTGACAGAGTTGGT
 15 CCAACTCGGTCTCGTCACAGCTGTGACCTTGAGCAAGTGGCTTAGCCTTCT
 GAGCCTGATTCCCTATCTGGAGTGGGAAGAGTACAGGCCACCTCGCAGGGCTGTGG
 GGGTTAAACGAGGGTAGTCAGGACAGCAGCCGACTGACCTTGCTGGTGTGGGCTCCT
 GCTCTGTTCTCCCGTGAGCCTTGGGAATGTTGGAGGCCGTATCCAGGGACCCCTGG
 CCTCTGGGATGGCCTCTGGATCAGCCTTGGAGGTTCCAGGCTGCCCTAGGCTCC
 20 ACATTCTCCCCAGTCACGCTCCCTGCCACACCAGTCCTGTGACCCCTGCC
 GAGTTGTGACTCCACCCCTCCCGGCCAGAGGAAAGCTGCCCTGGCCCTCAGTGGG
 CTCCGCCCACTGACCCCTGTCCACCATACAGACAGGGCACTATCCACAAGGGTGG
 GGAACCGGGGAGCAGGAGCACAGCTGCCCTAACATCATGGAGATCCAGCCCTCCG
 CCGCGCGCTGCCATCCAGACCATGTCGCTGGATGCTGAGCGGGTGGCTGCCCTCC
 25 GCGTCCCAGGGTATGCACTGACTGCAGCTGAGGACAGGGCTCCTTGATGTGATTG
 TGTGTTCTTAAAGAGCTTCTAGGCTTAGGGCTGGACATTAGGACTGAGTGTGGGG
 GGGGCCCCGGGCTGACCAATCCTGCTGTCTCCAGAGGAAGGCTGTATGTGAGCTCC
 GTGGGAGGTGAGCCAGGTGCCCTGGACCTGTTGAGGTATGGCGGGGCTGCCACGG
 TTGCGCTCATGTCGGAGACCCCTACTGCGCTGGGACCAAGGGCGCTGCATCTCC
 30 CAGCTCCGAACGGTACGTTGGCGGGATCCCTCCGTCCTGGACAAAGGTGGCATGG
 CAGGGGGAGGTGTTGTCGGCTGGAGGGTGGCGGTACTGGGCTTCTGTGGGACCT
 CCTCTCTACTGGAACTGCACCTGGGTAAGGATATGGGGTCAGGTCTGCAGCCTTGAT
 CTGCTGATCCTCTTCGCTCTCCACTCCAGGTCACTGCTGCAATCCATTAACTCAGCC
 GAGCCACACAAGGAGTGTCCCAACCCAAACCCAGGTACCTGATCTGGCCCTGCTGG
 35 TGTCGGCCAAATGAGTGGGACTGCCCTGCCCTGATTGCTGGCTGAGGGAAACATGG

CCTTGCTCTGTGGGCCCCAGGTACATGGGGCAGGATAACAGTCCTGCAGAGGGAGGCCCTCT
 TGGTGGGATGAGCGAGACGGGAGAAAAAAGGAGGACGCTGAGGGCTGGGTTCCCCACGTT
 CATTAGAAACCTTGTCTGGGATCCACGTCGGTGGGAGGACACATCCTCCCCCTGGAG
 CTCTTGTCCCTCCTCACGGCTGCTCCCCACTGCCTCCCCAGACAAGGCCCACTGCAG
 5 AAGGTTTCCCTGGCCCCAAACTCTCGCTACTACCTGAGCTGCCCATGGAATCCCGCCAC
 GCCACCTACTCATGGGCCACAAGGAGAACGTGGAGCAGAGCTCGGAACCTGGTCAACAG
 AGCCCCAACACTGCATCCTGTTCATCGAGAACCTCACGGCGCAGCAGTACGGCCACTACTTC
 TGCAGGGCCAGGAGGGCTCTACTTCCCGAGGGCTCAGCACTGGCAGCTGCTGCCCGAG
 GACGGCATATGGCGAGCACCTCTGGGTATGCCCTGCCCTGGCCCTCCCTCTGG
 10 CTGGGGGTGCTGCCACACTCACTCTGGCTGCTGGTCACTAGGGCTCCAGGGCTGAGGCTG
 GGCATGCCCTCAGGCTTCTGCAGGCCAGGGCACTAGAACGCTCACACTCAGAGCCGGCTG
 GCCCGGGAGCTCCTTGCTGCCACTTCTCCAGGGGACAGAATAACCCAGTGGAGGATGG
 CAGGCCTGGAGACGTCCAGGCCAGGGCTGCTGGGCCAGGTGGCAGGGATGGT
 AGGGGCTGAGAATGAGGGCACCGACTGTAGAGCTGGGCATCGATGACCCAAGACTTAT
 15 CTTCTGGAAAATATTTTCACTCCTCAAATTCAGACTAAATGCAGCGATGCTCCAGCC
 CAAGAGCCCATGGGTGGGGAGTGGGTTGGATAGGAGAGCTGGGACTCCATCTCGACCC
 TGGGGCTGAGGCCCTGAGTCCTCTGGACTCTGGTACCCACATTGCCCTCCCTCC
 TCTCTCATGGCTGGGTGGCTGGTGTCTGGTACAGAACCCAGGGCTACCCCTGTCCAGCCCT
 GTCTCTGCAGCTCCCTCTGGTCTGGGCCAGGGACAGCCAGGGCTACCCCTGTCCAGCCCT
 20 TGAAGGATTTGTTTGTGGGGAGCGGAAGGACGGAAAAAGCTCTGAAAAAA
 AAAAAAAA

Table15: Nucleotide sequence of pMelBacA-H-SEMAL (6622bp) (SEQ ID NO: 42)

1 GATATCATGG AGATAATTAA AATGATAACC ATCTCGCAA TAAATAAGTA
 51 TTTTACTGTT TTCGTAACAG TTTTGTAAATA AAAAAACCTA TAAATATGAA
 30 101 ATTCTTAGTC AACGTTGCCCTGGTTTAT GGTGATAC ATTCTTACA
 151 TCTATGCGGA TCGATGG
 gga tcggccagg gccacctaag gagcggaccc

GA

2001 AGCTTGGAGT CGACTCTGCT GAAGAGGAGG AAATTCTCCT TGAAAGTTCC
5 2051 CTGGTGTCA AAGTAAAGGA GTTTGCACCA GACGCACCTC TGTTCACTGG
2101 TCCGGCGTAT TAAAACACGA TACATTGTTA TTAGTACATT TATTAAGCGC
2151 TAGATTCTGT GCGTTGTTGA TTTACAGACA ATTGTTGTAC GTATTTAAAT
10 2201 AATTCACTAA ATTTATAATC TTAGGGTGG TATGTTAGAG CGAAAATCAA
2251 ATGATTTCA GCGTCTTAT ATCTGAATTT AAATATTAAA TCCTCAATAG
15 2301 ATTTGTAAAA TAGGTTCGA TTAGTTCAA ACAAGGGTTG TTTTCCGAA
2351 CCGATGGCTG GACTATCTAA TGGATTTCG CTCAACGCCA CAAAACTTGC
2401 CAAATCTGT AGCAGCAATC TAGCTTGTC GATATTGTT TGTGTTTGT
20 2451 TTTGTAATAA AGGTTGACG TCGTTAAAA TATTATGCGC TTTGTATTT
2501 CTTTCATCAC TGTGTTAGT GTACAATTGA CTCGACGTAA ACACGTTAAA
25 2551 TAAAGCCTGG ACATATTTAA CATCGGGCGT GTTAGCTTA TTAGGCCGAT
2601 TATCGTCGTC GTCCCAACCC TCGTCGTTAG AAGTTGCTTC CGAAGACGAT
2651 TTTGCCATAG CCACACGACG CCTATTAAATT GTGTCGGCTA ACACGTCGCC
30 2701 GATCAAATTT GTAGTTGAGC TTTTGGAAAT TATTCTGAT TGCGGGCGTT
2751 TTTGGGCGGG TTTCAATCTA ACTGTGCCCG ATTTAATTC AGACAAACACG
35 2801 TTAGAAAGCG ATGGTGCAGG CGGTGGTAAC ATTCAGACG GCAAATCTAC

2851 TAATGGCGGC GGTGGTGGAG CTGATGATAA ATCTACCATC GGTGGAGGCG
2901 CAGGCGGGC TGGCGGCGA GGCGGAGGCG GAGGTGGTGG CGGTGATGCA
5 2951 GACGGCGGTT TAGGCTCAA TTGTCTCTT CAGGCAACAC AGTCGGCACC
3001 TCAACTATTG TACTGGTTTC GGGCGTATGG TGCACTCTCA GTACAATCTG
10 3051 CTCTGATGCC GCATAGTTAA GCCAGCCCCG ACACCCGCCA ACACCCGCTG
3101 ACGCGCCCTG ACGGGCTTGT CTGCTCCCGG CATCCGCTTA CAGACAAGCT
3151 GTGACCGTCT CCGGGAGCTG CATGTGTCAG AGGTTTCAC CGTCATCACC
15 3201 GAAACGCGCG AGACGAAAGG GCCTCGTGTACGCCTATT TTATAGGTTA
3251 ATGTCATGAT AATAATGGTT TCTTAGACGT CAGGTGGCAC TTTCGGGGA
20 3301 AATGTGCGCG GAACCCCTAT TTGTTTATTT TTCTAAATAC ATTCAAATAT
3351 GTATCCGCTC ATGAGACAAT AACCCGTATA AATGCTTCAA TAATATTGAA
3401 AAAGGAAGAG TATGAGTATT CAACATTCC GTGTCGCCCT TATTCCCTTT
25 3451 TTTGCGGCAT TTTGCCTTCC TGTTTTGCT CACCCAGAAA CGCTGGTGAA
3501 AGTAAAAGAT GCTGAAGATC AGTTGGGTGC ACGAGTGGGT TACATCGAAC
30 3551 TGGATCTCAA CAGCGGTAAG ATCCTTGAGA GTTTCGCCCC CGAAGAACGT
3601 TTTCCAATGA TGAGCACTTT TAAAGTTCTG CTATGTGGCG CGGTATTATC
3651 CCGTATTGAC GCCGGGCAAG AGCAACTCGG TCGCCGCATA CACTATTCTC
35

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3701 AGAATGACTT GGTTGAGTAC TCACCAAGTCA CAGAAAAGCA TCTTACGGAT
3751 GGCATGACAG TAAGAGAATT ATGCAGTGCT GCCATAACCA TGAGTGATAA
5 3801 CACTGCGGCC AACTTACTTC TGACAACGAT CGGAGGACCG AAGGAGCTAA
3851 CCGCTTTTT GCACAAACATG GGGGATCATG TAACTCGCCT TGATCGTTGG
3901 GAACCGGAGC TGAATGAAGC CATAACCAAC GACGAGCGTG ACACCACGAT
10 3951 GCCTGTAGCA ATGGCAACAA CGTTGCGCAA ACTATTAACG GCGGAACACTAC
4001 TTACTCTAGC TTCCCGGCAA CAATTAATAG ACTGGATGGA GGCGGATAAA
15 4051 GTTGCAGGAC CACTTCTGCG CTCGGCCCTT CCGGCTGGCT GTTTTATTGC
4101 TGATAAAATCT GGAGCCGGTG AGCGTGGTC TCGCGGTATC ATTGCAGCAC
4151 TGGGGCCAGA TGGTAAGGCC TCCCGTATCG TAGTTATCTA CACGACGGGG
20 4201 AGTCAGGCAA CTATGGATGA ACGAAATAGA CAGATCGCTG AGATAGGTGC
4251 CTCACTGATT AAGCATTGGT AACTGTCAGA CCAAGTTAC TCATATATAC
25 4301 TTTAGATTGA TTTAAAACCTT CATTTTAAT TTAAAAGGAT CTAGGTGAAG
4351 ATCCCTTTTG ATAATCTCAT GACCAAAATC CCTTAACGTG AGTTTCGTT
4401 CCACTGAGCG TCAGACCCCG TAGAAAAGAT CAAAGGATCT TCTTGAGATC
30 4451 CTTTTTTCT GCACGTAAATC TGCTGCTTGC AAACAAAAAA ACCACCGCTA
4501 CCAGCGGTGG TTGTTTGCC GGATCAAGAG CTACCAACTC TTTTCCGAA
35 4551 GGTAACTGGC TTCAGCAGAG CGCAGATACC AAATACTGTT CTTCTAGTGT

4601 AGCCGTAGTT AGGCCACCAC TTCAAGAACT CTGTAGCACC GCCTACATAC
4651 CTCGCTCTGC TAATCCTGTT ACCAGTGGCT GCTGCCAGTG GCGATAAGTC
5 4701 GTGTCTTACC GGTTGGACT CAAGACGATA GTTACCGGAT AAGGCGCAGC
4751 GGTCGGGCTG AACGGGGGGT TCGTGCACAC AGCCCAGCTT GGAGCGAACG
10 4801 ACCTACACCG AACTGAGATA CCTACAGCGT GAGCTATGAG AAAGCGCCAC
4851 GCTTCCCAGA GGGAGAAAGG CGGACAGGT A TCCGGTAAGC GGCAGGGTCG
4901 GAACAGGAGA GCGCACGAGG GAGCTTCCAG GGGGAAACGC CTGGTATCTT
15 4951 TATAGTCCTG TCGGGTTTCG CCACCTCTGA CTTGAGCGTC GATTTTG TG
5001 ATGCTCGTCA GGGGGCGGA GCCTATGGAA AAACGCCAGC AACGCGGCCT
20 5051 TTTTACGGTT CCTGGCCTTT TGCTGGCCTT TTGCTCACAT GTTCTTCCT
5101 GCGTTATCCC CTGATTCTGT GGATAACCGT ATTACCGCCT TTGAGTGAGC
5151 TGATACCGCT CGCCGCAGCC GAACGACCGA GCGCAGCGAG TCAGTGAGCG
25 5201 AGGAAGC ATC CTGCACCATC GTCTGCTCAT CCATGACCTG ACCATGCAGA
5251 GGATGATGCT CGTGACGGTT AACGCCTCGA ATCAGCAACG GCTTGCGTT
30 5301 CAGCAGCAGC AGACCATTT CAATCCGCAC CTCGCGAAA CCGACATCGC
5351 AGGCTTCTGC TTCAATCAGC GTGCCGTGG CGGTGTGCAG TTCAACCACC
5401 GCACGATAGA GATTGGGAT TTGGCGCTC CACAGTTCG GGTTTCGAC
35

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5451 GTTCAGACGT AGTGTGACGC GATCGGTATA ACCACCACGC TCATCGATAA
5501 TTTCACCCCG GAAAGGCGCG GTGCCGCTGG CGACCTGCGT TTACCCCTGC
5 5551 CATAAAGAAA CTGTTACCCG TAGGTAGTCA CGCAACTCGC CGCACATCTG
5601 AACTTCAGCC TCCAGTACAG CGCGGCTGAA ATCATCATTAA AAGCGAGTGG
5651 CAACATGGAA ATCGCTGATT TGTGTAGTCG GTTATGCAG CAACGAGACG
10 5701 TCACGGAAAA TGCCGCTCAT CCGCCACATA TCCTGATCTT CCAGATAACT
5751 GCGGTCACTC CAACGCAGCA CCATCACCGC GAGGGGGTTT TCTCCGGCGC
15 5801 GTAAAAATGC GCTCAGGTCA AATTCAAGACG GCAAACGACT GTCCGGCCG
5851 TAACCGACCC AGCGCCCGTT GCACCAACAGA TGAAACGCCG AGTTAACGCC
5901 ATCAAAAATA ATTTCGCGTCT GGCTTCCCTG TAGCCAGCTT TCATCAACAT
20 5951 TAAATGTGAG CGAGTAACAA CCCGTCGGAT TCTCCGTGGG AACAAACGGC
6001 GGATTGACCG TAATGGGATA GGTACCGTT GTGTAGATGG GGCATCGTA
25 6051 ACCGTGCATC TGCCAGTTG AGGGGACGAC GACAGTATCG GCCTCAGGAA
6101 GATCGCACTC CAGCCAGCTT TCCGGCACCG CTTCGGTGC CGGAAACCGAG
6151 GCAAAGCGCC ATTGCCTATT CAGGCTGCGC AACTGTTGGG AAGGGCGATC
30 6201 GGTGCGGGCC TCTTCGCTAT TACGCCAGCT GGCGAAAGGG GGATGTGCTG
6251 CAAGGCGATT AAGTTGGGTA ACGCCAGGGT TTCCCCAGTC ACGACGTTGT
35 6301 AAAACGACGG GATCTATCAT TTTTAGCAGT GATTCTAATT GCAGCTGCTC

6351 TTTGATACAA CTAATTTAC GACGACGATG CGAGCTTTA TTCAACCGAG
6401 CGTGCATGTT TGCAATCGTG CAAGCGTTAT CAATTTTCA TTATCGTATT
5
6451 GTTGACATC AACAGGCTGG ACACCACGTT GAACTCGCCG CAGTTTGCG
6501 GCAAGTTGGA CCCGCCGCGC ATCCAATGCA AACTTCCGA CATTCTGTTG
10
6551 CCTACGAACG ATTGATTCTT TGTCATTGA TCGAAGCGAG TGCCCTCGAC
6601 TTTTCGTGT CCAGTGTGGC TT

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The above description of the invention is intended to be illustrative and not limiting. Various changes or modifications in the embodiments described may occur to those skilled in the art. These can be made without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention. Accordingly, it is intended that the invention be limited only to the extent required by the claims and the applicable rules of law.

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